

## VERDUN HOLDS OFF DOZEN ASSAULTS BY FORCE OF 120,000

Crowded on Five Kilometer  
Front, Are Swept Off  
By Terrific Fire

## GAINS SOON LOST

Kaiser's Losses Are Now  
Put at 500,000; Boys  
Of 17 in Ranks

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, June 28.—On the right bank of the Meuse, a gigantic effort by the Germans followed on Friday the unprecedented bombardment reported on Thursday by a French communiqué. A dozen unsuccessful assaults, with more than 120,000 men, on a very narrow front of five kilometers, were rolled back by the terrific French fire, leaving the ground strewn with dead.

The Germans succeeded only in capturing Thiaumont work and a few houses in the village of Fleury, but French counter-attacks re-gained part of the captured positions at Fleury and west of Thiaumont.

An extremely violent German attack was carried out on Sunday. More than two divisions were hurled against the trenches re-gained by the French west of Thiaumont work, and were stopped by a deadly fire, which inflicted enormous losses on them.

On the left bank of the Meuse, the efforts of the Germans have been vain also and they have been unable to shake the defence of Hill 304 and Mort Homme. A strong attack against the latter position was repulsed on Saturday night.

On both sides of the Meuse, for more than two months, the Germans have been using striking force against our indomitable resistance and have suffered a loss estimated at 500,000 men. Boys of 17 are now incorporated in the storming units, which indicate the depletion of the reserves.

When the Allies' great offensive begins, the Germans will be forced to abandon their operations on the Meuse to face the menace elsewhere.

A French semi-official communiqué explains the German inactivity at Verdun by absolute exhaustion, following on the violent effort at Fleury from the 21st to the 24th, which cost the Germans sanguinary losses altogether disproportionate to the results.

The situation at present is absolutely stationary. The French line, firmly established west of Thiaumont, at which the fate of Verdun will probably be decided, is well supplied with artillery and machine-guns.

Amsterdam, June 27.—The Telegraaf says that the Germans are very active, transporting large quantities of war-material, including heavy artillery, to the western front. Infantry has been sent to the north French front and western Belgium.

## KIPLING TELLS HOW E.12 FOUGHT SEVEN VESSELS

She Sunk Three of Them, Then  
Drove Another Ashore And  
Set It On Fire

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 28.—Rudyard Kipling's third copyright article describes the further adventures of submarines in the Sea of Marmora. He tells how E.12, when suffering from engine trouble, sighted two small steamers, one towing two and the other three sailing-ships. The E.12 stopped the first steamer and sent a party on board.

The steamer then threw a bomb, which struck the submarine, but, luckily, did not explode and opened fire on the boarding-party with rifles and a concealed one-inch gun. The E.12 replied with a six-pounder gun and rifles.

The two sailing-ships in tow very properly tried to foul E.12's propellers and also opened fire with rifles. It was as mixed a fight as man could wish.

Finally, E.12's six-pounder exploded the ammunition on board the steamer, which sank her, enabling E.12 to get clear and sink the two sailing-ships. After that, she chased the second steamer ashore and set her on fire.

## Lung Chi-kwang Must Go, Is Appeal Made To Powers

Meanwhile, Important Republican Leaders Start For  
Peking; Kwangtung Loans To Be Invalid

Special Cable to The China Press

Peking, June 29.—Mr. Hioki, the Japanese Minister, will leave Peking early in July and will not return again. Baron Hayaashi is coming to China as his successor, under a special title, on account of the Chinese situation. Mr. Bellby Alston is to come out to take the place of Mr. Macleay as Counsellor of the British Legation, in August. The reports as to the recall of Sir John Jordan are unfounded.

Lu Chung-yu, the Chinese Minister to Tokio, will be replaced by Chang Chung-hsiang, now Minister of Justice.

Mr. Hioki has been informally approached by Premier Tuan about the necessity for an early settlement of the Chinese crisis.

The local Intelligence Bureau of the Republican Government of China yesterday issued the following important bulletin:

The following telegram was sent yesterday to His Excellency Sir John Jordan and their Excellencies the Envoys Extraordinary and Ministers Plenipotentiary of the friendly Powers at Peking:—

"For the past three years Lung Chi-kwang has grossly misruled Kwangtung. To preserve peace and order a telegram sent yesterday to President Li Yuan-hung urged Lung Chi-kwang's immediate dismissal. Unless he is relieved the whole province will be thrown into turmoil. Henceforth the people of Kwangtung will repudiate his authority.

"We venture to inform Your Excellencies that any loans which Lung Chi-kwang may conclude on security of provincial property or title will be invalid.

"We trust Your Excellencies will advise your respective nationals accordingly.

(Signed) "Tong Shao-yi  
"Wen Tsung-yao  
"Wang Chung-hui."

An identical message was also despatched to Sir Francis Henry May, the Governor of Hongkong.

Dr. Sun Yat-sen and the Cantonese Guilds of Shanghai headed by Dr. Wu Ting-fang, in separate telegrams urged upon President Li Yuan-hung

the imperative necessity of dismissing Lung Chi-kwang.

The Commanders of various dis-prior forces in Kwangtung have wired a circular despatch to Peking and the provinces declaring their un-alterable opposition to the continuance of Lung Chi-kwang in office.

Messrs. Ku Chung-hsiu, Fan Yuan-lin, C. T. Wang, Chang Chi, and Yin Yu-li, representing the Republican Party, have left for Peking to assist in reorganizing the government.

Many Ministers Resign  
Ostasiatische Lloyd

Peking, June 29.—Hsu En-yuan, Deputy Auditor-General, has been concurrently appointed Director-General of the Bank of China.

Chu Chia-pao, Chiangchun of Chihli, Wang Yin-tang, Minister of Interior, Tang Tsai-li, Chief of the General Staff, Kiang Kuei-te, Military Governor of Jehol and some Vice Ministers have asked leave to resign.

The Government is considering the abolition of the Censorate. Chang Yuan-chi, the Chief Censor, will probably be appointed Civil Governor of a Province.

The French, British, Japanese and Russian Ministers, at a meeting held yesterday, decided to pay today or tomorrow 3.4 million dollars out of the surplus of the salt revenue to the Peking Government, as the latter have given the assurance to M. Conty, the French Minister, that they take full responsibility for the payment of interest to the French holders of the Lung Hual railway bonds.

It is confirmed by Japanese circles that Mr. Hioki, the Japanese Minister to Peking, on his own request has been recalled. He will be succeeded by Baron Hayaashi, former Ambassador to Rome, who will be given the rank of an Ambassador.

Hayaashi is expected in Peking on the 15th inst. No immediate change of the Japanese policy vis-a-vis China is expected by the change in the Japanese legation.

With President Li Yuan-hung's approval, the Cabinet has decided to reinstate the Nanking constitution (Continued on Page 2)

## Waiting for Lull in Battle to Remove Wounded At Verdun



Here are a few members of a French hospital corps at the battle of Verdun waiting for a lull in the heavy bombardment to remove their wounded to a base hospital in the rear. Because of the grey-blue coats and steel helmets which the hospital men wear, they cannot be easily distinguished from the regular soldiers.

## Acute Cabinet Crisis Is Threatened Before Irish Problem Solved

Wholesale Resignations Talked  
Of; Unionist Party Calls  
Special Conference

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 28.—Earl Cromer, Viscount Midleton and the Marquis of Salisbury attended a Unionist conference on Monday at the Colonial Office, which was presided over by Mr. A. Bonar Law, to discuss the Irish proposals.

There was to have been a meeting of the whole Unionist party today to discuss the subject, but it is announced that the meeting has been postponed to next week, owing to the desire of the Government to further consider the Irish proposals.

An acute Ministerial crisis is brewing on the subject of Ireland. The Marquis of Lansdowne, Mr. Walter Long, President of the Local Government Board and Lord Robert Cecil, Under Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, may possibly resign.

It is worthy of note that Mr. Long was not present in his usual place on the Treasury Bench, yesterday and was also absent from the meeting of the Cabinet. Earl Curzon, Lord Privy Seal, who, up to the present, has been firm, may also possibly resign.

Mr. Asquith and Mr. Lloyd George yesterday received a deputation from the Unionists of south and south-west Ireland, opposing the scheme.

The Daily Telegraph says that the Irish situation is very gloomy.

The debate on the Finance Bill, yesterday, was suddenly brought to a standstill, to enable Mr. Reginald McKenna and Mr. E. S. Montagu to attend a meeting of the Cabinet.

It is reported that H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught will be the first Royal representative to self-governing Ireland.

## Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For Japan:—  
Per R.V.F. s.s. Poltava..... June 30  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Oni Maru July 1  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Sado Maru July 2

For U.S., Canada, and Europe:—  
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Sado Maru July 2  
Per C.M. s.s. China..... July 2  
Per R.M. s.s. Montague... July 4

For Europe, via Suez:—  
Per M.M. s.s. Andre Lebon July 4  
Per P. and O. s.s. Nellor... July 10

Mails to Arrive:—  
The American mail is expected to arrive here on or about July 1, per N. Y. K. s.s. Shidzuoka Maru.

The French mails of May 14 and May 28 were due at Hongkong on June 29, and here on July 3. Left Saigon on June 26, per M.M. s.s. Atlantique.

## Roosevelt Will Volunteer To Lead 12,000 Men Against Mexico If War Is Declared

Reuter's Service

New York, June 28.—If there is a call for volunteers for Mexico, Colonel Roosevelt will request to be appointed a major-general and will place 12,000 fully equipped men in the field, the recruiting for whom is proceeding.

Washington, June 27.—The War Department has warned ships to beware of the light-houses in Mexican waters, some of which have been extinguished, while the lights of others have been altered, in order to hamper the operations of the American navy.

Mobilise 145,000 Militia

Washington, June 19.—President Wilson yesterday signed an order calling out the militia and national guard of all of the states for service on the Mexican border. The number of men made available for service by this order is 145,000.

Gunboats are already patrolling both the east and west coasts of Mexico and the new battleship California is ready for service, the work of completion having been rushed during the past few weeks.

Preparations for hostilities continue to be made by both the Mexicans and the Americans amid the most intense excitement. Further action is expected by Congress when it meets today.

The Mexican lines of the Southern Pacific railroad have been seized by the troops of the de facto government and everywhere in the state of Sonora the telephone and telegraph lines have been cut.

Five thousand additional troops of the regular army are held available and ready for any eventuality which may occur. It is supposed that in the event of General Pershing's command being attacked they will be rushed across the line immediately.

According to all indications war is to be declared by the United States. Preparations to this end are being hurriedly made, one of the first steps to be taken being the calling out of the militia. Mobilisation of troops has been commenced at Fort Meyer, Virginia.

These steps were taken after a long conference between President Wilson, Secretary of War Baker, and General Hugh Scott, Chief of Staff.

The United States Navy has been ordered to patrol both coasts of Mexico. Pershing Feels Big Trouble

According to an announcement made on Saturday, General Pershing re-

ported that he is ready for any eventualities, adding that he feared an emergency which would require the American forces to defend themselves.

The administration officials here are openly alarmed at the turn which the Mexican situation has taken and already more reinforcements are being sent. General Pershing's large quantities of supplies and munitions have been entrusted for Pershing's command.

Washington, June 18.—All American consuls stationed in Mexico have been recalled to the United States, and the situation between the two countries is extremely tense.

General Pershing has notified Trevino, the Mexican leader who informed the general that a move other than withdrawal from Mexico would be considered as an act of war, that he refuses to recognize him as speaking with any authority from the de facto government of the republic.

General Funston has issued orders to all units of his command to reform the American lines from Nacaju to the south in order to afford the greatest possible protection to the line of communication with Pershing's expeditionary force, by way of which all supplies and munitions for the American troops in the interior of Mexico must pass.

The international bridge across the Rio Grande river at Brownsville, Texas, has been burned by the Mexicans, who made an armed demonstration in force at that place on Friday. By the destruction of this bridge the railroad connection made by the St. Louis, Brownsville and Mexico and the National of Mexico lines between the two republics is broken.

Why Gen. Gomez Was Killed

El Paso, June 22.—Two American citizens, who have arrived from Ahumada, report that a Mexican Captain told them that General Gomez had arranged for a parley under a flag of truce. As Gomez and his two aides-de-camp started forward, the American troops deployed into a semi-circular skirmish line. General Gomez, fearing an attack, raised his hand and signalled to some men in charge of a machine-gun, hidden in the brush. The machine-gun swept the cavalry line, causing heavy losses.

Other cavalrymen dashed up, and one killed General Gomez. His aides-de-camp then fled. Fighting lasted for an hour.

The two travellers say they heard Mexican citizens boasting that General Gomez had decoyed an American negro cavalryman into an ambush under a flag of truce.

## HOLLAND'S MIND EASIER

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

The Hague, June 27.—It is announced that a short furlough will be granted to the 1913 Landwehr class of the Dutch army, from July 1.

## U. S. COAST DEFENCE

New York, June 22.—The Lower

House of Congress has passed an appropriation for coast defence amounting to \$25,800,000.—Osaka Asahi.

## 198,000 PRISONERS MADE BY RUSSIANS IN NINETEEN DAYS

Booty Includes 219 Guns,  
644 Machine-Guns,  
196 Mortars

## KOVEL'S DEFENCE

Germans Have 100,000,  
Mostly Captives, Hastily  
Strengthening Positions

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Petrograd, June 28.—The official communiqué issued yesterday reported: "There was an artillery duel on the Riga sector and at Ikskul bridge-head. The attempts made by the enemy to take the offensive at Dvinsk, north of Lake Svencion and north of Lake Madjöl were mostly preceded by artillery bombardments and were all repulsed.

The enemy succeeded for a moment in crossing the River Shara, in the vicinity of Lipke, but were hurled back. The bombardment along the Stokhod and middle Strypa continues. The Russians threw the enemy back across the River Dulovetz, a tributary of the Pruth.

Over 100,000 men, largely prisoners of war, are hastily strengthening the German defences at Kovell, which extend over ten miles from the town.

Our Don Cossacks, in crossing the river Dniester, south-west of Buczacz, have driven a further nail into Kolomena's coffin. This force will doubtless sweep round the Tcherniav river from the west.

The captures made by the Russians from June 4 to June 23 total 4,321 officers, 194,041 men, 219 guns, 644 machine-guns and 196 mortars.

An attempt made by the Turks to cross the Masladarasi, under cover of their artillery, failed. The Turks were driven back in the Mesul district.

The Russian aviators had successful encounters at different points, including the Baltic.

## ICE KEEPS SHACKLETON FROM SAVING COMRADES

Turned Back 20 Miles From  
Elephant Island; Help Im-  
possible This Season

Reuter's Service

London, June 27.—Sir Ernest Shackleton stated that the rescue-ship reached to within twenty miles of Elephant Island, but the ice prevented further progress. He hopes the party ashore will be able to supplement their rations with penguins and ultimately be rescued.

Buenos Aires, June 28.—Sir Ernest Shackleton has telegraphed from the Falklands, asking for the despatch of the Argentine steamer Uruguay, which rescued the Swedish expedition in 1903. The Uruguay, however, is in an unserviceable condition and no other suitable vessel is available. Help this season is also impossible.

Wellington, June 28.—The Antarctic expedition's s.s. Aurora has docked at Port Chalmers. It has been decided that Dr. Stenhouse shall lead a party to the relief of McIntosh and his party left at Cape Royds.

## British Abroad Are Excused Income Tax

Municipalities May Issue Se-  
curities in United States  
Free of Taxation

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, June 27.—The House of Commons has adopted an amendment to the Finance Bill providing that British residents in India, China and elsewhere abroad who are nominally domiciled in Great Britain shall not pay income tax on Government securities.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer has accepted an amendment to the Finance Bill authorizing municipalities like London and Manchester to issue securities in the United States, free of taxation. This is expected to further steady exchange.



## OSWALD ABBASS DIES IN JAIL AT HONGKONG

Sentenced to 2 Years For Aiding Father in Breach Of British Defence Act

Advice from Hongkong report that Oswald Abbass, serving a sentence in jail there, died of pneumonia on Wednesday.

Oswald Abbass was sentenced to be imprisoned and kept to hard labor for two years in H. M. Supreme Court on January 10 of this year after a trial held in camera. He was charged with aiding and abetting his father in the commission of an offence under Article 50 of the Regulations made under the Defence of the Realm Acts, of which his father was found guilty and sentenced to hard labor for fifteen years. The case was taken by Sir H. de Saumarez, Chief Judge.

Deceased, when he appeared in Court to hear sentence delivered, looked far from strong and it was evident then that his constitution was weak.

## Greece's Relations With Allies Better

Gounaris Press Active With Rumors, Hoping to Cause Reaction

(Reuter's Agency War Service) Athens, June 27.—The relations of Greece with the Entente are rapidly assuming their former friendliness. It is understood that M. Romanos, the Greek Minister at Paris, has been entrusted with the task of establishing a sound understanding.

The decree for general demobilisation is signed by King Constantine, in order to ensure the regularity of the demobilisation. It will be necessary to keep a certain force under arms for a period not exceeding two months and preference will be given to the classes which have served least.

The Gounaris press is spreading malevolent rumors, in the hope of causing a reaction.

## HARASS GERMAN SHIPS

(Reuter's Agency War Service) Paris, June 27.—An official communique states: Three of our armed aeroplanes fired 65 shells at German vessels off the Belgian coast, yesterday.

## Reward Brave Women With Military Medal

(Reuter's Agency War Service) London, June 28.—A Royal War-rant states that, in exceptional circumstances, the Military Medal can be awarded to women who have shown bravery and devotion under fire.

## U. S. Troops in Record Hike Across Mexican Desert



Sixteenth Infantry marching on longest stretch of Villa campaign. On this hike they made 26 miles in one day from Camp Oje de Fredericka to the famous Corralitos ranch near Colonia Dublan, Chihuahua.

## Australia Will Run Its Own Wheat Ships

Buys Fifteen 4,000 Ton Cargo Vessels To Transport Record Grain Harvest

(Reuter's Agency War Service) London, June 27.—In view of the difficulties experienced in shipping Australia's record harvest, the Rt. Hon. W. M. Hughes, Premier of Australia, has bought fifteen 4,000 ton cargo steamers, at a cost of £130,000 each, which will be run by the Commonwealth Government Line. It will be managed from London.

## MORE SHIPS SUNK

(Reuter's Agency War Service) London, June 27.—The Cardiff steamer Canford Chine (2,398 tons) has been sunk. The crew have been landed.

Marseilles, June 27.—The French steamer Fournel (2,049 tons) has been sunk in the Mediterranean.

The French liner Ville de Madrid (1,809 tons), from Algiers, was pursued and shelled for a long time by a German submarine, but escaped by putting on full speed and zig-zagging.

## Tax Community For Germans in Hankow

Ostasiatische Lloyd Hankow, June 29.—In Hankow, a German tax community was unanimously formed yesterday by 60 Germans, under the name of "Deutscher Verband Hankau."

## Tennyson's 'Princess' By McTyeire Girls

More than \$5,000 will be realized by the performances of Tennyson's "Princess" by the girl students of McTyeire School at the Olympic theater. The first performance was given last night and was a decided success. Every character on the stage was taken by one of the Chinese girl students. A second performance will be given tonight. Already \$5,000 has been realized by the sale of tickets, programs, etc. Much more is certain to be received from tonight's performance.

The students produced the play to help the school make a payment on its new lot at Edinburgh and Kinnear Roads. The plans are that the school shall finally move out to this location from its present buildings downtown.

Acres of automobiles and carriages waited outside the theater last night while their owners inside applauded their sisters, daughters and friends. The play was given entirely in English. For the benefit of the many Chinese who don't know English there was a synopsis of the story in Chinese in the program. The girls were dressed in Grecian costumes and those who took the part of boys indicated the supposition by means of a masculine cap. The leading roles were unusually well handled.

The cast follows:  
Princess Ida—Zie Kyung Pau.  
Lady Psyche—Tsang Ming Shih.  
Lady Blanche—Fong Lien Tsung.  
Melissa—Li Tsing Lien.

## AUSTRIANS RETREAT

(Reuter's Agency War Service) Rome, June 28.—The retreat of the Austrians was due to the brilliant success of the Italians' right wing threatening the enemy's lines of communications. The Austrian center fell back so precipitately that Italian cavalry was sent up to engage their rear-guard, till the infantry was able to come up.

An Austrian Army Order has been found which ends: "The good wine and beautiful women of Italy await us."

## Lung Chi-kwang Must Go, Is Appeal

(Continued from Page 1)  
By a Mandate, which will be published in a few days.

Chungking, June 28.—It is reported that the new military governor, Chow Chun, marched into Chengtu today. His predecessor, General Chen Yi, is reported to have moved to Shensi.

Telegraphic communication between Ichang and Chungking is interrupted.

## President Consults Dr. Sun

The following is the translation of a telegram sent by President Li to Dr. Sun Yat-sen who has also replied to the telegram:

"Owing to your extraordinary talent and your understanding so thoroughly the need of a republican form of government, you have founded the Republic of China, and now it is my sincere hope that you will join with me in building up this Republic on a real, strong foundation; wherefore I request your kind assistance. I have appointed Mr. Kuo Tung to meet you at Shanghai and he will represent me and express my opinion and idea to you directly, and ask you to give advice in the

great questions of military affairs as well as consult with you on other matters of importance."

(Signed) Li Yuan-hung.  
Mr. Kuo Tung has already arrived and has interviewed Dr. Sun who has sent a telegram to President Li saying: "In accordance to your telegram, I have appointed Siao Hsuan and Yih Hsia-shen who will represent me, to proceed to Peking."

(Signed) Sun Wen.  
Tong Shao-yi and Liang Chi-chiao Tsen Chuan-hsuan, Vice-President of the Chunwuyuan in Chungking, has sent a circular telegram to the provinces, announcing that Messrs. Liang Chi-chiao and Tong Shao-yi have full power to deal with questions of importance with the Peking government, and adding that these

two gentlemen have also the right to appoint men to represent them in dealing with important questions as well as to engage men as their secretaries.

**\$5,000  
REWARD**  
"for the return of  
the stolen papers"

## VENTILATION



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## Good Ventilation Pays

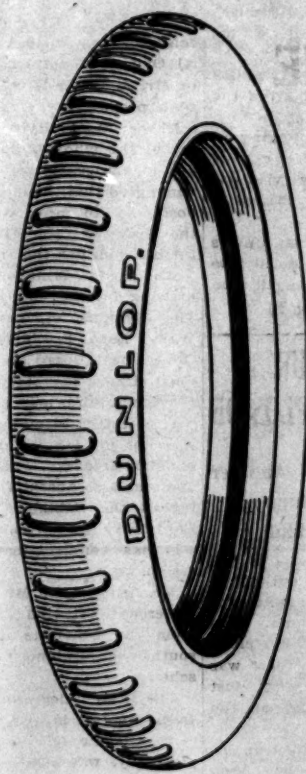
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## HIRE CARS Rate Reduced

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## GERMAN CENSOR GIVES REIN TO PEACE TALK

Press Influenced To Center  
Speculations On President  
Wilson As Mediator

### KING OF SPAIN HIS RIVAL

Berlin Hears Alfonso Is About  
To Sound All the Belliger-  
ents of Europe

Berlin, May 25.—Gradually, unobtrusively, and skillfully German public opinion is being prepared for the eventuality of peace in general and mediation by President Wilson in particular. This is today the only important, concrete fact emerging from the flood of peace talk, peace rumors, and the speculative combination of the two.

It is not only possible for the Imperial Government, through the political censorship, to mold and influence public opinion to its way of thinking in regard to peace, but, what is more important, it is doing so. And the political censorship never worked more admirably or sanely than at the present time in its manipulation of the all absorbing peace theme.

The censorship has lifted the lid from this topic, which has long been almost taboo, and has given a very free rein to the German press to print peace news and indulge in peace discussion. And even though for the present the discussion of specific peace terms and war aims is forbidden, the now comparative freedom of the press marks a notable advance on the road to peace.

Not only have the German people now been made thoroughly familiar with the idea that President Wilson intends to offer his services as

mediator at the earliest possible moment, and with prospects of success, but they know, too, the Pope is working for peace.

They are also informed that President Wilson is likely to have a competitor for the first place in the contest to bring about peace in the person of the King of Spain. The reports which are permitted to be printed here indicate that the possibility of peace in the near future is being so seriously regarded in Madrid that King Alfonso, as soon as he has assured himself as to the intentions of the several belligerent powers, plans to send two highly placed personages to the several Governments with instructions to pave the way for peace negotiations. Significance accordingly is attached here to the fact of the Kaiser's return to Berlin from Great Headquarters at this time; also to the fact that the Kaiser immediately received the Spanish Ambassador in audience, and that the latter and the Argentine Minister since then have been in conferences with Ambassador Gerard.

#### Vienna Talks of Peace

Vienna, May 24.—(via Berlin, May 25).—The Vienna press generally turns today to the subject of peace and discusses at length the German Chancellor's latest utterances, which only the non-committal Fremdenblatt does not proclaim a distinctly hopeful sign.

The Neue Freie Presse finds the journalistic exchange between Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg and Sir Edward Grey, the British Foreign Secretary, "a high gain," and adds:

"A change in the feeling of England is already to be seen in Premier Asquith's speech, in which he did not mention Alsace-Lorraine, nor even Russia. The Premier and Foreign Secretary are swallowing their words of the past. They deny that they ever desired the destruction of Germany, which Poincaré and Briand, in their fear of a collapse, still stammer about. The policy of the destruction of Germany has moved its headquarters from London to Paris. The Imperial Chancellor continues to exchange opinions, with the result that he makes necessary the Secretary's

answer to the question, 'How shall the end of the war be begun and carried out?'"

#### Reopens Conference Idea

The Neue Freie Presse warns Sir Edward Grey that the central powers will never accept his proposal for an international conference composed of neutral, waiting nations, at which he would appear at the head of the Entente, and, strengthened by individual friendly neutrals win a victory that the Entente had been unable to win by arms.

"Thus," says the paper, "the sacrifices of the last two years and the conquest of enemy territory would go for naught, and Secretary Grey, after peace would be able to continue his efforts to encircle Germany."

The Neue Freie Presse thinks that the German Chancellor accomplished an important forward step in making clear the attitude of the central powers toward Sir Edward Grey's "desire to see all territorial lines restored to the old basis."

The Tagblatt says that Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg's words are "crystal, clear, strong, sure, and ripe, and adds:

"That Germany today can and may speak of peace is its triumph. Nobody can discover the faintest sign of weariness on the part of the Central Powers, who, on the height of their achievements, can plant the standard of humanity. Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg reminds the Entente of the terrible guilt it takes upon itself if Europe continues to be bled and mangled."

The Tagblatt concludes from the Chancellor's words that "Germany is ready for any eventualities, is ready to continue victoriously, if necessary, or discuss peace for Europe's welfare, but has not been forced to this readiness."

Commenting on President Wilson's Charlotte speech, The Neue Freie Presse declares today that the step he desires to take is of great significance for the dissemination of the peace idea in the world. The newspaper says, however, that it is convinced, first, that the President is primarily seizing an idea grown popular in America suddenly to further his candidacy for re-election, and, second, that he has not offered the good services of the United States without knowing pretty conclusively that his step would not be unwelcome in England.

### ORDER 2,200,000 TIME FUSES

British Government to Pay American Locomotive Co. \$9,000,000

New York, May 27.—The American Locomotive Company has obtained an order for 2,200,000 time fuses from the British Government to a total value of about \$9,000,000. The contract specifies that deliveries shall be completed by the end of this year.

At the locomotive company offices it was said that the order would be sublet, part going to the Nathan Manufacturing company and the rest to the Westinghouse Air Brake Company. The Nathan Company is closely affiliated with the American company. While the parts will be made under the sub-contracts, the assembling of the fuses will be completed by the American Locomotive Company.

Deliveries of shells under an old contract of the locomotive company are said to be progressing rapidly. One of the plants is handling practically all the war business, leaving the other four, including the ammunition works at Schenectady, free for locomotive orders.

### 500 LOST ON FISHING SHIPS

570 British Vessels of This Class Sunk Since War Began

London, May 22.—The number of British fishing vessels destroyed since the beginning of the war by Great Britain's enemies was given as 570 by Francis D. Acland, Financial Secretary of the Treasury, in the House of Commons today.

The number of lives lost on these vessels is 500. Fishing has gone on as usual within necessary restrictions.

Over 30 years ago the late Lord Beaconsfield testified to the benefits he received from HIMROD'S CURE, and every post brings similar letters to-day.

**HIMROD'S CURE for ASTHMA**

PAID FOR 48 YEARS.

Sold in tins by all Chemists and Stores throughout the Country. Beware of Imitations.



## The New Light BRASCOLITE

87  $\frac{10}{20}$  Perfect  
Daylight

Pure  
Soft  
White  
Light

Read this Testimonial just  
received from the well-known  
Tabaqueria Filipina.

10th June, 1916

International Import & Export Co.,  
Present.

Dear Sirs:

Before we decided to use your  
wonderful Brascolite, we used from  
40 to 50 electric lamps in our store,  
for our windows and general office.

We were, however, very dissatisfied with them because of the dull light they gave, and, moreover, the large amount of electricity consumed meant a big bill to pay. After your firm advertised the Brascolite we decided to install it in our store, and accordingly purchased two. We are pleased to say that our electricity bill has decreased to a great extent, and the powerful rays of the Brascolite are sufficient to make our windows and general office as well-lighted and brilliant in appearance as we could wish.

We have also heard from other firms that they much appreciate the Brascolite and have reason to think that it is no idle boast that Brascolite is the sun's only rival.

Faithfully yours,  
Tabaqueria Filipina.

34 Nanking Road.

Call and see the New Daylight  
and arrange for a demonstration

International Import  
and Export Co. (Inc.)

28 Nanking Road

Tel. 1670



## THE FIVE-FINGER GRIP OF SAFETY

Just as the engineer and the climber grip with all the fingers, so does the Goodrich Tyre hold the road with its five rubber fingers of Superfine Para.

This is the Five-Finger Grip of Safety—the grip that comes between you and the skid—the grip that was first in the field, and is proved every day to be the ONLY grip. The Goodrich Safety Tread takes up all the power of your engine, misses most things on the road that puncture, and is recognised by those who KNOW to be the perfect and most economical tyre in the world

**GOODRICH  
SAFETY  
TREAD  
TYRES**

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Obtainable at all Garages, or from the  
Selling Agents

**The Central Garage Co., Ltd.**

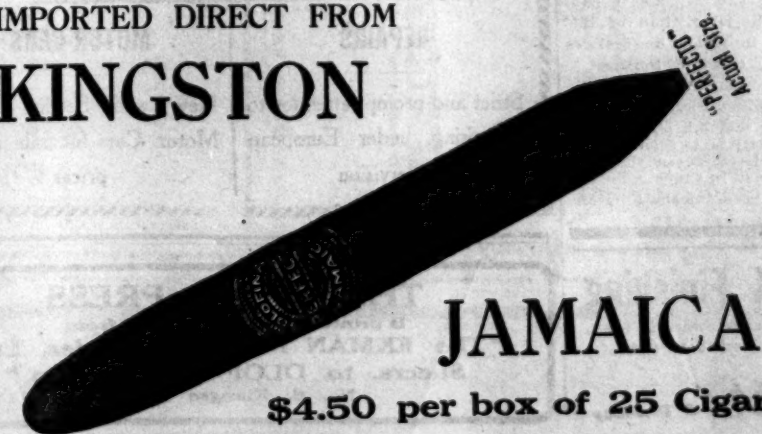
SHANGHAI and HANKOW

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**JAMAICA**

\$4.50 per box of 25 Cigars.

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**ALL LEADING TOBACCONISTS.**

British-American Tobacco Co., Ltd., Distributors, Bristol & London.



## In the Courts

## Zih Yuen-sze v. David

The adjourned return day was taken in H. M. Supreme Court yesterday before Sir H. de Sausmarez, Chief Judge, in a claim by Zih Yuen-sze against Evelyn David in which plaintiff claimed \$45,985.74 and Tis. 1,712.92, payable by defendant to plaintiff for money paid by plaintiff for defendant at his request.

Mr. H. P. Wilkinson appeared for plaintiff and Mr. D. McNeill for defendant.

Mr. Wilkinson—As your Lordship knows I have been in this case—

His Lordship—I know the circumstances.

Mr. Wilkinson—Mr. McKean has, acting for me, taken steps to lay the present state of affairs before the Portuguese Consular authorities and what he did was this. He saw the secretary of the Consulate and showed him—

His Lordship—Are you Mr. Wilkinson or the Crown Advocate?

Mr. Wilkinson—I am Mr. Wilkinson at the present moment but at the end I will be the Crown Advocate. I am still Mr. Wilkinson.

His Lordship—Are you going to make any application?

Mr. Wilkinson—I am still in the interests of my client. I do not know that I will make any application at all.

His Lordship—Then I had better hear Mr. McNeill.

Mr. McNeill then read the following affidavit:—

1. Duncan McNeill, Barrister-at-law, of 24 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Shanghai, a British subject, make oath and say as follows:—

1.—I am Counsel for the Defendant in this action.

2.—According to the endorsement of the Writ of Summons herein the claim of the Plaintiff is for money paid by the Plaintiff for the Defendant at his request between November, 1912 and August, 1915.

3.—By an Agreement dated May 26, 1908 the Plaintiff agreed to serve the firm of S. J. David and Company in which the Defendant is a partner as their Comptroller and the Plaintiff continued to serve the said firm in such capacity until August, 1915, when the said firm dismissed the Plaintiff from their service. In the said Agreement which is written in English and Chinese the Plaintiff is described as a Chinese subject. The said Agreement is in the custody of my firm as the Solicitors for the said S. J. David and Company and can be produced to this Court if required.

4.—In the month of October, 1912, my firm commenced an action in the Mixed Court at Shanghai on behalf of one Zih Li-kung. By the pleadings in the said action the said Zih Li-kung alleged and the Defendants (including the Plaintiff in this action) admitted that the parties to the action were the only sons of Zih Chin-foo and were all Chinese subjects. Copies of the said pleadings are in the custody of my firm and can be produced to this Court if required.

5.—In the month of October, 1915, the said firm of S. J. David and Company instituted proceedings against the Plaintiff in the Mixed Court at Shanghai for the recovery of a sum alleged to be due from him to the said firm under the said Agreement of May 26th, 1908, which is referred to above, but the Plaintiff refused to accept the jurisdiction of the Mixed Court in the matter of such proceedings on the ground that he was a Portuguese citizen. In consequence of such refusal the said firm of S. J. David and Company have not been able to obtain a decision of the Mixed Court upon their claim.

6.—The Plaintiff has filed a submission to the jurisdiction of this Court herein in which he declares himself to be a citizen of Portugal.

7.—I have been informed by the above-named Zih Li-kung and I believe that the said Zih Li-kung and his brothers were all of them born at Shanghai or elsewhere in the Province of Kiangsu in China.

8.—I have been informed by Mr.

Alexander Ting, Barrister-at-law, a Chinese subject, and I believe that according to Chinese law as declared in Article 18 of Chinese Naturalization Enactment of 1907 no subject of China can become naturalized as a subject of a foreign power without the express sanction of the Chinese Minister of the Interior.

9.—As the result of inquiries made by me in the interests of various clients I say that certificates of Portuguese nationality have to the best of my belief been granted only to such persons of Oriental race as have produced to the Consular representative of Portugal at Shanghai decrees of the Court of the Portuguese Colony of Macao to the effect that such persons had the status of Portuguese citizens and that such decrees have in many cases been obtained through impersonation and other fraudulent device.

Mr. Wilkinson—What has happened is—

His Lordship—There is no affidavit in reply?

Mr. Wilkinson—No. Mr. McKean saw the Secretary.

His Lordship—It is not convenient for this court to discuss what happened at the Portuguese Consulate. I shall make an order for proper submission. That is the least I should do under any circumstances. I will make no other order at the present moment, except that proper submission be filed, and when it is filed I shall consider the question of security for costs. I will make the order under Article 151; that will bring up the further question of security later.

## Reserve Opium Case Decision

Judgment was reserved yesterday after the completion of the Hip Foong v. Neolia and Co. opium case which has occupied the attention of Sir H. de Sausmarez, Chief Judge, in H.M. Supreme Court for six days.

Mr. H. P. Wilkinson appeared for plaintiff and Mr. D. McNeill for the defendants.

Mr. McNeill, in opening argument, referred to the suggested compromise and said it had been stated that plaintiff was willing to accept thirty chests in satisfaction for a claim for 169 chests. Coming as it did on the fifth day of the hearing and after the plaintiff had, as he would submit, definitely perjured himself with regard to at least three distinct matters of fact, that announcement had filled counsel with surprise as, he ventured to think, it must have come to his Lordship's eyes.

However, there was the announcement and the only other matter counsel wished to mention in connection with it was that assuming his clients were willing to give eighteen chests to keep this case out of court there was no reason to suppose that those eighteen chests were to be given other than on the terms of the contracts originally made between the parties. Taking this assumption to be correct plaintiff would have to pay, to get those 18 chests, about Tis. 80,000 and when he got them they would be worth approximately Tis. 150,000.

His Lordship—I may say at once that my feeling about the settlement question is this—that at the end of the trial, I should put it in that way—that at a very late period in the trial it appears and it is pretty clear that some negotiations for a settlement had fallen through. I am not trying whether there were negotiations and that not being the point before me, and having refused to hear Mr. Howard, that is the only way I can regard it. That is, practically, to disregard it. I should really put it from my mind altogether.

Mr. McNeill then referred to the question of delay in the bringing of the claim. There was no reason whatever to suppose, he said, that what was done by Neolia and Co. with their dealers in the latter part of 1914 was not done by other firms. So that plaintiff was an exception from the whole class of dealers who entered into these contracts. Counsel also attached very great importance to the fact that there was no doubt whatever that in January 1914 plaintiff did demand and did not get delivery of certain chests which, if his contracts were then existing, he was entitled to get.

After that definite refusal, counsel did not think it was too much to say that some steps should have been taken by plaintiff if he had any right to other cargo in the hands of these people. As they knew no steps whatever were taken until the middle of 1915 when a letter was written by Mr. Wilkinson. Also, the delay having been caused by plaintiff, it was not for him to say that defendants' evidence was small in quantity.

Defendants' management had changed frequently and with regard to the point that no evidence had been given by the manager who cancelled the contracts he did not believe the commissioner had any power to require his attendance. But he did make an affidavit.

His Lordship—That is not before me.

Mr. McNeill continued that the delay was largely responsible for the fact that the direct evidence for defendants' case was small in quantity. It was going to be a question of A's word supported by confirmatory circumstances against B's word. His Lordship would have to decide between the truth of conflicting stories.

Counsel then proceeded to review

the evidence. Plaintiff's purchases of Bengal opium were, as near as might be, two-fifths of defendant's total sales, 175 chests out of 430. Defendants had good reason for distinguishing plaintiff as a man who had paid no interest, and taken no delivery.

Plaintiff took it upon himself to deny that the contracts were cancelled, but he had given no reasonable explanation for not having asserted his rights. Counsel thought there was sufficient to induce defendants by all means in their power to come to some definite arrangement with the plaintiff by which they should not be left hanging on with this tremendous cargo in their hands and yet in a way belonging to him.

Mr. Wilkinson replied. How was it, he asked, if Hip Foong was so hard up and such a black sheep, that defendants never sent him any interest memos at all until five or six months after the contract dates. His learned friend had rather assumed that Hip Foong was not among defendants' best constituents because he did not pay any charges or take over opium but the books showed that he took delivery of six chests and paid the Tis. 14,000 or so.

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Even Mr. Ekra, in his evidence, said he took care to have letters pass in case of cancellations. And another witness said that foreigners at that time were not willing to cancel their contracts. There was no doubt about Hip Foong's solvency or defendants would never have made the contracts. The Opium Combine did not spring up in a day and in the early days of the discussions the first thing the Chinese merchants insisted on was that the interest charges must be done away with.

If Neolia and Co. had any idea of the Combine—and how they could escape it he could not see—it was

the evidence. Plaintiff's purchases of Bengal opium were, as near as might be, two-fifths of defendant's total sales, 175 chests out of 430. Defendants had good reason for distinguishing plaintiff as a man who had paid no interest, and taken no delivery.

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## U. S. NAVY TRACK MEET AT HONGKEW TOMORROW

Preliminary in Annual Series;  
Winners Will Compete In  
Fleet Championship

Sailors of the American Asiatic Fleet will hold a track meet at Hongkew Park tomorrow afternoon unless rain prevents. If the grounds are too wet the meet will be held Monday afternoon. It is scheduled to start at 2 o'clock. The sailors are going into the event with characteristic vigor.

This meet will be one of the annual series to be held by the fleet. It is a preliminary, and similar ones will be held during the summer wherever ships of the division are stationed. Winners of these meets will compete for the fleet championship to be held at Shanghai or Manila in the fall. The commanding officer of the fleet will designate the time and place for the championships.

The events of tomorrow's meet will be: 100 yard dash, 220 yard dash, quarter mile, mile, standing broad jump, running broad jump, high jump, pole vault, shot put, hammer throw, mile relay race and tug-of-war.

### ROWING

With the idea of encouraging rowing during the Summer, especially among the griffins, the committee of the Shanghai Rowing Club propose—if sufficient support is forthcoming—instituting weekly four-oared races, to be held each Friday. The crews will be changed around each time, so that all the rowers will have a chance of stroking as well as filling the other positions in the four. Races will start at 8.30. There will be no preliminary training. Entries are now being received by Mr. N. C. Brodie, Hon Sec. of the S. R. C.

### SWIMMING

Entries for the Shanghai Rowing Club 1916 summer series close this evening at the Bath.

On next Wednesday evening (July 5), commencing at 9.30, the first program will be started. It includes:—

1. Heats and final of the One Length Handicap.
2. Team Race.
3. Running Headers.
4. Water Polo match.

### BASEBALL TROPHY

The Baseball Challenge Trophy to be played for on July Fourth by the teams of the U. S. S. Brooklyn and Cincinnati is now on exhibition in a Sennet Freres window on Nanking Road. This handsome work of silver is the present of the Shanghai American community. The winning team will hold it for a year. Next year there will be an elimination series of games in which the team or teams representing the local baseball club will participate with the sailors, the final game being played on July Fourth.

### SHANGHAI RIFLE ASSN.

Members are reminded that the competition for June will be held today from 8 to 8.30 a.m. and from 4 to 6 p.m. Range 200 yards, 1 sighting and ten scoring shots.

### Shipping Bulletins

In yesterday's issue the Glen Line s.s. Glenliff was made to pass the Suez canal from London and Genoa. This was incorrect. The steamer is on her homeward voyage.

The E. and A. s.s. Eastern, 4,496 tons gross, 5,000 tons d. w. of which Messrs. Gibb, Livingstone are the local agents, has been chartered to Messrs. A. Gallusser and Co. of Tientsin, and is scheduled to leave Taku Bar on or about July 3 direct for Marseilles via Suez. She is equipped with wireless telegraphy, and is a passenger steamer having 80 first class berths.

The Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company have secured the contract to save the s.s. Wisley, and we understand that the company's tug David Gilles will return to the wreck to commence operations. It will be remembered that the Wisley, late Wray Castle, took fire about May 26, and was beached in Yungro Bay,

### Clearance Sale

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25% off on all purchases

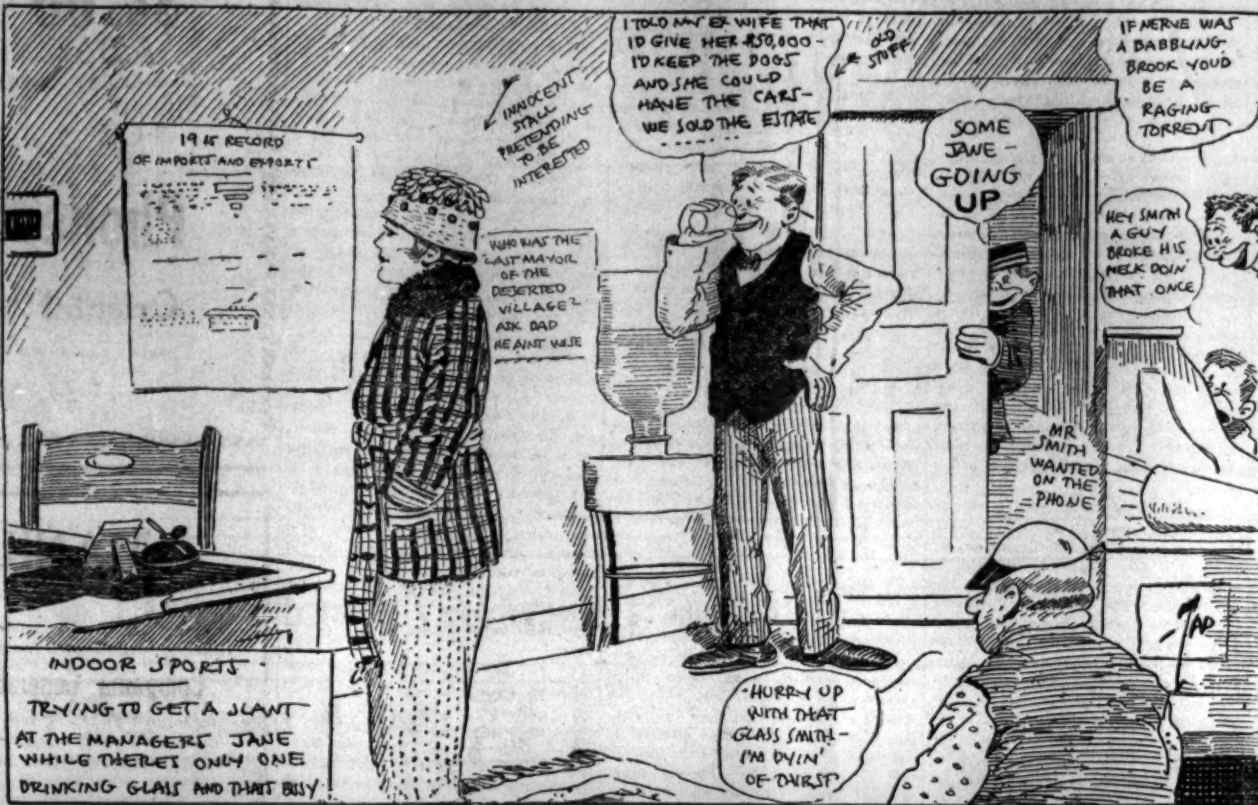
**SING FAT & Co.**  
3a Nanking Road

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## INDOOR SPORTS



By Tad



INDOOR SPORTS  
TRYING TO GET A SLANT  
AT THE MANAGER'S JAWE  
WHILE THERE'S ONLY ONE  
DRINKING GLASS AND THAT BUSY

near Cape Varella, about 640 miles from Hongkong. She was on a voyage from New York to Vladivostok, and was to have called at Shanghai. It is expected that it will take a couple of months to save the cargo. When the tug David Gilles first visited the wreck, the Wisley was submerged from the foremast, with about 12 feet of water above deck at the deepest part. The Wisley had a most valuable cargo, including cotton, rubber, motor-cars, etc. She is reported to be in a safe position, in a land-locked bay.

### Advertised Letters In The U.S. Postal Agency

Amoy, Miss Elsie; Armstrong, Mr. Arthur; Armstrong, S. E.; Art, Al Von.  
Barnum, A. J.; Barker, Prof. Franklin L.; Bennett, Mrs. S.; Brannan, Verno T.; Brannagan, Mrs. Frank A.; Brown, William G. C.; Bryant, C. R. S.  
Coke, Mrs. Ethel Agnes; Cake,

Mrs. Sarah, J.; Cameron, Dr. James; Casuarra, F. B.; Chow, C.; Chow, Saigpa; Chow, Chu-chen; Clarke, M. A.; Crawney, Chas.; Crocker, Miss Jessie; Crow, Wilbur; Curry, Rowland; Davis, Miss M. E.; Dayton, Miss Nancy R.; DeCruise, Miss Ardia; Doltrick, James; Donte; Do Vol, Dr. George F.; Dooring, J. G.; Foogar, Fransisko; Forbes, Wm.; Geraghty, F. J.; Goldsborough, B. H.; Halwague, Podre; Harper, Arthur; Hoffmann, Arthur; Henrietta, James; Hedmann, J. M. P.; Hopkins, John C.; Inbery, Walter; Ketring, Dr. Mary; Keymer; Kinney, Mrs. Lillian M.; King Yaon Chen; Latham, Mrs. Malvina; Lawrence, Mrs. E.; Lukas, P. O.; Legg, Paul P.; Leon, W. K.; Lindstrom, Fred.; Lee, P. N.; Mason, Mrs. J.; Mason, R. L., Jr.; Messer, Adolph; Meval, Miss; Miller, Mrs. Botilda; Moon, H. B.; Moore, J. H.; Murray, Mrs. Newcomb, Miss Vera; Ness; Pattman; Paulsen, Mrs. A. C.; Phillips, Miss Caroline; Pittsburg, M.

H.; Pinner, Frank; Rae, A. L.; Roe, Miss E.; Rivera, Albert; Rene Til-lot, Messrs.; Rosenblum and Segal; Roth, Edward; Rothman, George M.; Russell, Mrs. J. Francis; Shoten, Nanri; Smith, Miss B.; Smith, Mrs. Betty; Smith, Mrs. C. F.; Stanford, Miss Sue; Tyrrell Body; Tien Yli; Wally, Albert F.; Wanj Lab Bing; Weber, J. O.; Wong, T. F.; Zelder, Mrs. Madge; Zhen, Min Shou.

### ADMIRAL MERRY DIES

Washington, June 16.—Rear Admiral John Fairfield Merry, United States navy, retired, died on May 30, according to a story which has but now been published.  
Rear Admiral Merry was 76 years of age, and entered the navy in 1862, serving through the civil war.

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and Caps, Etc., Etc.

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## The China Press

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR  
EXCEPT ON MONDAYS AND HOLIDAYSTHE CHINA PRESS Incorporated,  
Delaware, Publishers

## WEATHER

Weather probably improving. Southerly breezes south of the 30th parallel. Northerly ones in the north.

SHANGHAI, JUNE 30, 1916

IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

## No Thanks for Him in Sight

(New York Times)

It is a little hard to see—or at least a colorable pretense can be made of difficulty in seeing—why the man selected for "food dictator" of Germany should have refused the position and at last have taken with extreme reluctance what is described as "the most thankless job in the Empire."

There is apparently no denial anywhere in Germany that a serious, if not desperate, need exists for the performance by somebody of the work to be imposed on the new official—that of controlling all the food in the country in such a way as to give everybody a fair share of it at a price not prohibitive to anybody. On the other hand, no disposition has yet been manifested in any quarter to question the special and already demonstrated competence of Herr Tortilowitz von Batoeki for doing what a mere man can be expected to do with a task so colossal. Why, then, in a land with a notably well-disciplined and docile people—a land, too, disposed to make heroes, when it does not make demigods, of those who exercise power with efficiency—should this "job" be "thankless," and why should the wisely selected holder of the place have hesitated to accept it?

The answer is probably to be found in the fact that what everybody in Germany really yearns for is a food dictator who, in one way or another, will give everybody just what, and all, he or she wants to eat. Nothing less than that would be truly contenting to any population, and, in existing conditions, nothing like it is possible. Instead, the measure of the dictator's success will be the extent to which he reduces to the general level of pinchingly short commons the comparatively few Germans who have managed hitherto to get a little more than their fair share, and at the same time sees to it that the already hungry multitude is kept in that condition to an extent endurable, indeed, but far from pleasant.

An academic sort of gratitude he may get from the few who realize that but for him they would be hungrier than they are. The rest of the nation, as would the great majority of any nation, will view him sourly for not doing better than his best for them. It is no wonder, therefore, that Herr von Batoeki recoiled from his new honors and would have let them go to another if he could.

## For Once Statistics Are Exciting

(Exchange)

How much a man has in the savings bank is commonly regarded as his private business and certainly no business of his employer, but the men who work for Henry Ford give up—with great cheerfulness, apparently—some of the ordinary immunities and securities of life and let him tell as well as learn about their affairs a lot of things usually held distinctly personal. As a result, or one result, of this remarkable docility we are all and sundry enabled, not, indeed, as to the amount each Ford worker has saved—that, as yet, Mr. Ford, though he knows it, has kept to himself—but as to the average amount which each of the many race groups employed by him has put in bank for use in the rainy day the coming of which for all is declared without denial to be almost as sure as the ultimate certainties of death and taxes.

It was to be expected—at any rate it is not surprising—that the American workers are at the foot of the list, with an average of only \$204. But who would have imagined that Turks, who have never had any reputation at all as money-makers or money-savers, would stand first in this competition with the truly estimable average of \$821? The Jews, with \$641, are only fourth, for both the Austrians and the Armenians, as well as the Turks, are ahead of them, while the Germans, with only \$348, are far behind.

More astonishing is in order at the relative positions of the Irish and the Scottish for the former have the larger savings of the two, the figures being \$343 and \$275. The Italians are beaten by both the Hungarians and the Poles, while the English vie in extravagance or inaction with the Americans and are defeated by only a meagre \$74.

To make these figures of real value we should know how many of each race are employed. Large numbers would probably tend to pull the average down, small numbers to push it up, so that the average amount, standing alone, is hardly a fair criterion.

Annual Number Of  
The Columbian

The annual number of The Columbian, the publication of the Shanghai American School, is off the press. We don't know which press, but whatever press printed The Columbian should be proud of it. Between the artistic brown and gold covers there are 85 pages of editorials, action, poems and illustrations, for the most part contributed by the pupils.

Here is the staff with their respective duties: Harland Paul, Assistant manager, G. Sydenstricker, Societies, A. Alf, School Life, Anna Crofoot, School Life, Burdet Crofoot, Photos, Em. Luce, School Life, D. Eubank, Photos, G. Viking, Illustrations, G. Kennedy, School Life, H. Paxton, Business Manager, R. Osgood, Athletics, M. Caldwell, Subscriptions, S. Selden, Editor-in-Chief, J. Woodbridge, Literary, H. Fulton, Jokes.

The first article is an editorial. It is headed "More Man" and contains the ringing statement that "there is too much of a tendency to treat and think of people as groups, while man, a part of the real soul of the mass, is left untouched." The present need is "not more men, but more man."

Most of the literary section of the book is given over to essays on phases of Chinese life. Grace Viking, 17, writes on "Chinese Idol Worship." She tells how a Chinese temple is erected and as you probably don't know how this is done we give some of the description below: "The building of a temple is a very interesting proceeding. A priest clad in a garment resembling a patchwork quilt with a picture of Wei-to, the Buddhist Protector, on his back walks through the streets of a town or village carrying a small stool in his hands. Every now and then he stops, kneels, and beating on a wooden fish-head utters a shrill cry. He keeps this up for three years, and then when well-known in the place, and his devotion well tested he goes around and collects subscriptions. He then erects a thatched hut, sits down at its door and beats on his wooden fish-head. The people passing by learn of the great opportunities to gain merit and so give small or large contributions according to their ability. Each gift is recorded on a slip of red paper, bearing the name of the contributor and the amount given. These slips are stuck to the side of the house, which is soon covered. As money is collected the little hut is replaced by a two-roomed house which is added to as funds are contributed, for no debts are incurred."

Continuing on the subject of idols, W. A. B. Leach describes the dedication of one of these hand-made gods. His introducing begins in this highly irreverent fashion:

"There, on what one might call the throne, or seat of honor in the temple, sat the image of a man rather larger than life-size, with a bland, expressionless face adorned with a billowy beard, and a few hairs on the upper lip. The image was decked out in the gorgeous costume of an ancient mandarin, and he seemed to have an air of official dignity about him, although he sat motionless, and speechless."

There are several stirring short stories. Listen to this fragment of "An Eventful Episode" by Elizabeth Luce, 19:

He held her thus for a second or two and then said in a low and ghastly whisper:

"Silence or I will shoot."

There was silence—a deathly silence.

The man tore down her hair that was done up in a Grecian knot, and as the flowing masses of gold fell, he whispered:

"Follow me."

The girl did not stir. She was as white as her dress from fear.

"Follow me, or—the man pointed his pistol at Virginia."

Virginia did not know exactly what she was doing, but she arose. The man took her beautiful hair in his black hand and pulled her towards the window. He lifted her up on the window-sill and then jumped up himself. Somehow, Virginia knew not how, the ruffian climbed down the side of the house, taking her after him, but the next thing she was conscious of was that—

Ah! You would like to know what happened to Virginia after that? Well, you can get a copy of the Columbian containing the climax and the finish of the unhappy Virginia's adventures by sending \$1.50 for a year's subscription and a copy of the annual.

Nothing daunts these brave literary adventurers. There are few persons in Shanghai who have courage enough to write an essay on Chinese music. Edith MacGillivray takes that subject. She tells us that the scales of Chinese music "were made by the Emperor Fu-hsi about 2,000 years B. C. The different emperors have used different methods of music according to their tastes."

"The music then must either have been very different from what it is now—for Confucius, it is said, was so overcome on hearing a piece of music composed by the great Shun that he did not eat meat for three years, or the Chinese are peculiarly sensitive in a way unknown to the foreigner."

The "Reviews of New Books" should not be overlooked. Here is one:

"Slam, Bang, Squeak," reviewed by Joe Suganuma: For one who is looking for a series of lectures on tennis, piano and violin playing here is the very thing. A handy pocket edition of twenty-four octavo volumes is offered.

The annual number costs 60 cents. This one contains a very interesting report on the year's working by Supt. Guy C. Stockton. The School now has 184 pupils.

## Why Sothorn Quits The Stage

(New York Times)

The wish has frequently been expressed in the honeyed speeches of farewell that have been showered upon E. H. Sothorn and Mrs. Sothorn, who was Julia Marlowe, during these vaudeville days of America's most beloved Shakespearean players, that surely artists of their standing could not give up their careers at their zenith, and that eventually they must come back, after the manner of singers and actors who say farewell periodically. Francis Wilson at a recent dinner in honor of the Sothorns predicted the British rain would send them scurrying home, while Arthur Brisbane likened them to North Sea whales, who, having found each other and decided there was nothing else in the ocean for them, were about to crawl upon a rock to spend the remainder of their days. The rock was England and in the course of time, the speaker predicted, the Sothorns would weary of their exile and crawl back into the ocean of art.

The annals of the stage are rich in evidence to support these predictions, but the case of the Sothorns as set forth by Mr. Sothorn himself is convincing enough to establish the belief that their retirement will be the exception that proves the rule. The subject came up when Mr. Sothorn's caller asked him to define the impressions of a young man saying farewell to the stage at the height of his career.

"Youth," replied Mr. Sothorn, "is a matter of comparison, isn't it. Compared with the oldest man, an Englishman, I believe, who lived to be 130, I am a young man. And yet judged by ordinary standards I am no longer young. I am fifty-seven now, and that is one of the reasons I am retiring."

"No man can play the roles I have played very long after he is fifty-five with credit to them and to himself. The work is so arduous that it becomes a sheer physical impossibility. There has been no let-down in my playing yet and I want to quit before there is. I might play a few years more with no appreciable diminution of my powers, but soon after that disintegration would begin and I could no longer keep up to my earlier standard."

"If conditions were different, if they were as they are in London or Paris, Mrs. Sothorn and I might continue for some little time. But being as they are there is nothing for us to do but to quit. When a man or a woman has passed the turn of the road and is approaching the serene and yellow the longing for a home becomes more imperative. That longing is upon us, has consumed us, in fact, for many years, and the conditions of the theater in America are such that the only way to have a home is to give up the theater. We have had homes, yes, a number of them, but never a home in which we could live and enjoy our friends and have the things that go to make up a home. We have played seasons of forty weeks and then have spent six or eight weeks abroad getting our costumes for the next year, and so we have never been able to live in the homes we have had."

"We have both of us loved our work, and I am sure neither has worked primarily for the money we have made in the theater, and

neither would be content to give less than the best there is in us. To give that best from now on would be too great a sacrifice, for when we had finished in the course of a few more years we would be old and we would not have known the joys of a home."

"Abroad it is different. There they have established theaters where an actor or actress may play throughout the year and go live in a home. We have not yet reached that happy estate, though we are coming to it."

"It is not the strain of acting that tells on the player. That is the easiest part of his task. It is the weeks and months of preparation, of choosing plays and planning the days and days of rehearsing, and of keeping things going after the production has been made that tell. On our tours there was never a night that one of us and usually both were not in the theater for an hour or two after the performance seeing that everything was in place for the next day. We often played one-night stands and when we didn't there was usually a change of bill, and since we wanted to do things as we wanted them we couldn't leave them for others."

"I believe that the time is ripe for established theaters in this country, and that Mr. Kahn's plan for a Shakespearean theater is practical and will bear fruit. There have been similar attempts that have failed because the mistake was made of ignoring the masses and catering only to the rich. The theater is essentially a democratic institution and any theater to succeed must appeal to what we call the common people because they are poor."

"It is this great middle class that knows and appreciates Shakespeare best, and Mrs. Sothorn and I were always happiest when they were in our audiences. Any player who thinks he lowers himself by acting for less than \$2 a seat is not smart. The main essential is that he has an audience, and if he makes a fair return on his investment it matters not how little or how much the audience pays. I have touched upon these things in some recollections of my thirty-seven years on the stage to be published by Scribner in September."

"Thirty-seven years," Mr. Sothorn mused. "Thirty-seven years of continuous acting with little vacation. That is a long time, and now I am tired and am ready to quit. I really had no intention of making a farewell tour. After Mrs. Sothorn's withdrawal we went to England and expected to stay there. Then after we had returned here for a short stay the war came and I thought I might as well play a while longer. There may come occasions when I shall want to play for some special charity, as I am doing now, when I shall return for a brief engagement, but I shall never resume active work."

"Our thoughts are turned to the Midlands, to Warwickshire, where I attended school and have many intimate associations, and where we have many dear friends. And then Shakespeare's country is naturally dear to us. We shall not be idle. As long as the war endures there will be plenty for both of us to do, and after, too. Just what our work will be we do not know, but we will find our place. Of course, we shall come back to America often, for we have many dear friends here."

One Year in One House And  
A Million Years In Another

By Arthur Brisbane

Human beings believe in Two Lives—a life here, which lasts a little while; another life hereafter, that lasts for ever.

If a man had rented a small uncomfortable flat for a month, and a wonderful palace for all eternity, he would naturally be interested in the palace more, and in the small flat less.

Billy Sunday tells the world that this earth is a small, inconvenient flat, in which men behave badly, at best. Sunday is one of the millions that from the beginning of human intelligence have told of a large palace provided for each individual fit to occupy it—after death.

At this moment, in Kansas City, thirty or forty thousand a day are turned away from Billy Sunday meetings. No wonder—the crowd wants to know about the "many mansions," and how to get in.

No wonder many feet patter along the sawdust trail leading direct to that place of immortality.

No wonder ordinary business is suspended when Billy Sunday appears and says:

"Forget your small earthly flat for a minute. Listen to me, for I am advance agent, the renting agent of the Home that is to come."

Billy Sunday is to be in New York beginning his work the first day of January, 1917.

He thinks it will take about three months to clear up the devil and all

his work here in New York. He will deserve great credit if he does it in that time.

He will have the help of able men, organized in a committee of welcome and encouragement.

Billy Sunday says that he will need a building to hold twenty thousand. The committee would do well, if possible, to get a building that would hold double the number.

Billy Sunday's talks appeal to every kind of mind. He fills with intense, passionate earnestness the fortunately simple-minded who look forward to actual gold thrones, to a home in which precious stones are to be the chief ingredients.

Billy Sunday's talks interest equally those who know the great value of arousing in human beings earnestness, self-study, self-criticism.

He may make some of us feel unnecessarily uncomfortable. But when he goes away after talking to one-half of Greater New York he will leave results behind him.

There should be no hesitancy whatever about giving any available site that may be found most desirable.

The important thing is that the site chosen shall be accessible by street car. If it were necessary, in some public place, to replant a few shrubs, small trees and some grass after the Billy Sunday campaign, it would be well worth it.

To make ideas and make earnest thoughts grow is more important than keeping a few square feet of grass green.

## Stage Lessons

Opportunities Missed

The dramatists have had a great opportunity in the war. They have not availed themselves of it.

It is maintained that the British public will not support "patriotic" plays. It were better said that there is no public support for the stereotyped "made-to-order" patriotic play, with its patriotism laid on with a trowel. Plays of this sort so often fail because they are so often shallow and mechanical; their "situations" and "curtains" are crude as oleographs; their action so suggests the cinema to sophisticated audiences that they languidly wonder why the producer bothered with the dramatist and his dialogue.

The theater-going public ask for at least as much skill, intellect, and crispness in a patriotic play as in a teacup and saucer comedy or a "triangle" sex-problem play. They ask for bread—and they are fobbed off with dough. Hence this amazing absence of stirring patriotic plays on the British stage in these greatest days of British history: this drought for thirsty intelligences, this arid desert, uniform as the Sahara, of what is called in America the "b.m. show," which, being interpreted, means the supply of the presumed theatrical taste of the "tired business man."

I do not believe that the tired business man who winds up his day at a theater is so tired as his theatrical caterers think he is. I rather believe that, in these fabled days, he would go, if he knew where to go, fully as often for an intellectual and patriotic stimulus as for an anodyne.

This is no tilt at the musical comedy or the revue. There has been more than one revue lately on the London stage in whose authorship and production there was "downright genius." Mr. Cochrane is a national asset. For the mirth she has given in these times of dull and troubled hearts versatile Miss Mabel Russell deserves the Order of the Garter (and who could wear it with more aplomb?). And I would give a knighthood to either of the Terry Twins—to be borrowed by the other twin when his brother stays at home. But too many revues are like too much salmon, delicious today, palatable tomorrow, satiate the next day, and a weariness the day after that. You have only to scan the London amusement guide to see how nearly the Londoner's theatrical provender is becoming a one-course menu of salmon.

Are there any of our dramatists able to give us the real "war play" instead of the war play that tries to bring Armageddon into a theater and endeavors, with infinite futility, to enact on a stage epics and realities that it is sacrilege to mimic? There are a dozen great war plays that could be written without their authors borrowing a plot, an act, a scene, or a situation that has not come under their own civilian observance today in England. All of us are agreed that nothing in all our social fabric is the same as it was, or will ever be the same again. Is there nothing for dramatists here? The thoughts and outlooks of every one of our lives are utterly changed. Is there nothing for dramatists here? The new England, the new Empire, the new social problems, the world-changing invasion by women of nearly all man's provinces, the new democracy, the levelling of fortunes, the whole new world that lies before us, filling us with wild surmise, like the prospect of Cortez from his peak; is there nothing for dramatists here? Surely there is time that Shakespeare himself would have longed to weave.

Immense is the power of the theater. The dramatist, speaking through the actor, can stir men's blood, and set their hearts beating, and blow wild bugles to them that no writer alone can ever hope to do. You may read even Shakespeare in your study, and he will warm your intellect, but not your blood. The most patriotic English play that was ever written, or will ever be written, is "King Henry the Fifth" (that one rejects to note is revived by Mr. Marth Harvey in London this week). Who, having heard him, will ever forget Lewis Waller as King Henry? When that glorious voice cried the King's apostrophe to his soldiers on the field of battle it filled with flame the veins of his hearers, it made weaklings martial, cowards desire to storm old cities, and peaceful citizens had to grip the seats of their stalls lest they should leap up, mesmerized by that claxon.

The stage has missed its war opportunity. There is still time to redeem it. The long trial has no end yet set to it; the days of greatest endurance and sacrifice have not yet come. And in the hands of the dramatists lie the bellows to fan and keep burning public resolution.

I have just witnessed one patriotic play that is an oasis in the desert. It is Mr. Louis Parker's remarkable "Disraeli" at the Royalty Theater. It is animated and haunted with the spirit of the last of the great British statesmen. No Briton can behold it in these days without catching some spark of that patient, laborious, determined passion for Britain that

(Continued on Page 7)

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98	Vegueros Chicos	25	5.00
99	Favoritos J. Dotres	25	4.50
100	Especiales Isabela	50	4.50
101	Agullas	25	4.00
102	Favoritos Conde de Gamazo	25	3.75
103	Especiales Tabacalera	25	3.00
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## Bringing Up Father



By George McManus

Love, Home and Table Topics  
By Clever Writers

Daily Home Magazine Page

A Good Page to Read in the  
Leisure Hour

## Realities of Maturity Excel Illusions of Youth

By Ella Wheeler Wilcox

EVERY day I hear men and women of middle age sighing for the lost illusions of youth.

As the embroidered work of art is more beautiful than the stamped pattern, so are the realities of mature life more beautiful than the illusions of youth, if we have used care in the stitching.

Even if we have marred the design, we have the added experience which youth lacks, and we are prepared to do

better work on the next pattern given by the Great Artist. Too late! There is no such thing as any knowledge, or success, or happiness coming too late.

There is no such thing as time, save in our imagination.

It is all eternity. It is a circle without beginning or end.

We have always lived, and will always live. There is no need of letting your body, your heart or your mind wither away because a few years have gone by, and the tradition of men tells you that youth has passed.

Keep expectant, keep hopeful, keep sympathetic and ambitious and be occupied.

The best of life is before you—whether here or hereafter does not matter, so long as you lose no hour of

happiness and usefulness by mistaken ideas gained from mistaken traditions.

Discard them.

Right about face! March!

You are on the road of happiness now. There are goals at every step. And there are better goals farther on. Keep marching!

But only as we have built by our desires and thoughts and efforts in this graded school of earth life will we be able to find better surroundings on the other side.

Immortality must be earned. Heavens must be built while on earth. Not by the mumbling of formulas and adherence to traditional creeds, not by long prayers for God to do our work for us, but by our continual application of the God-given qualities which lie with us—love, will, self-control, helpfulness and hope.

These are the qualities which produce heavens on earth and in the realms beyond. They do not depend upon them. While they last youth lasts.

Keep love, sympathy and faith alive in your soul and you can defeat Time. Time has made conquest of so many things.

That once were mine. Swift-footed, eager youth. That ran to meet the years; bold brigand health.

That broke all laws of reason unafraid, And laughed at talk of punishment. Of blood and friendship, close ties and that joy of life,

Which reads its music in the major key

And will not listen to a minor strain— These things and many more are spoils of Time.

Yet as a conqueror who only storms The outposts of a town, and finds the fort

Too strong to be assailed, so Time retreats And knows his impotence. He cannot take

My three great jewels from the crown of life—

Love, sympathy, and faith; and year on year

He sees them grow in lustre and in worth,

And glowers by me, plucking at his beard,

And dragging as he goes a useless scythe.

Once in the dark he plotted with his friend,

Grim Death, to steal my treasures.

Death replied: "They are immortal, and beyond thy reach:

I could but set them in another sphere, To shine with greater lustre."

Time and Death Passed on together, knowing their defeat;

And I am singing by the road of life.

Till his own pair gets dry? Do you care, mother, if we use Your old broom by and by?

We want to use the broom to sweep The home plate off, you see. And, mother, we want you to keep Our things for John and me So we won't lose them when we play; Our knife and marbles too— Won't you please put them all away Just as you always do?

If Billy Green should come and knock At the back kitchen door

Tell him we're in the vacant block Right next to Johnson's store.

And let him have my other shoes— My old ones—so's to play;

He can't play barefoot or we'll lose; He's got to pitch today.

And would you care if Johnnie came To supper when we're through?

If Bill should pitch a dandy game Can't I bring him home too?

If Bill comes to the kitchen door Won't you give him some pie,

So he'll be strong and curvy 'em more? Thanks, ma! Good-by! Good-by!

JAMES W. FOLEY.

## Stage Lessons

(Continued from Page 6)

was the life motive of Benjamin Disraeli.

Some of the critics have carped at "Disraeli." They complained of its melodrama. They scouted the improbability of some of its incidents. I give them the improbability. They derided the "detective drama" touch in the plot. I give them the detective drama.

They murmured at the transposition of villainy of the villainess. I give her to them. They scoffed at the impossibility of the astute "Daisy" employing, with half-opened eyes, a treacherous secretary and confiding State secrets to a pretty Miss. I give them the secretary; but Miss Mary Glynne has made of Lady Clarissa a cameo of English girlhood. They resented the duchess, but I would remind them that even Mr. Parker dare not touch that inviolate stage tradition that duchesses must always be unlike duchesses.

I give them the priggish and foolish young secretary whom the real Disraeli would have tolerated even less than the bad young secretary; a modern play without an impossible soft young man in it is as incredible as a Victorian play without an impossible pompous old man. Mr. Louis Parker could not be expected to smash all the canons. He has smashed enough of them. He has given us a patriotic play that is thoughtful and scholarly. By a triumph of characterization, assisted by a wizardry of fine acting of Mr. Denis Eadie, he has given us almost in the flesh again that great patriot and statesman whose absorbing religion was Great Britain and

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## AFTER SCHOOL

O mother, can't I have some cake?  
Can't Johnnie have some pie?  
Can't we come in—just us—and take  
An apple by and by,  
If we both wipe our feet off clean  
The way you told us to?  
And if we run across Bill Green  
Can't Billy have one too?

O mother, have you seen my hat,  
The one I wear to play?  
And, say, ma, where'd I put my bat  
And ball the other day?  
Can't Johnnie wear my other shoes

## Try This Recipe:



## ST. CHARLES BISCUITS.

- 1 quart flour.
- 3 tablespoonfuls fresh baking powder.
- 1 tablespoonful butter or lard.
- 6 tablespoonfuls St. CHARLES CREAM.
- 6 tablespoonfuls cold filtered water.
- 1 teaspoonful salt.

All level measures

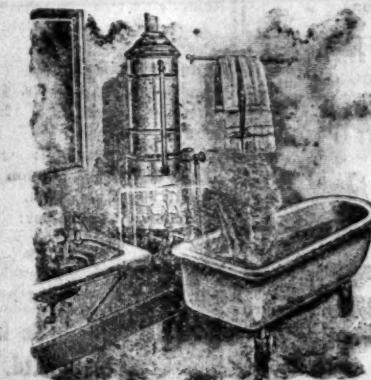
Sift twice all the dry ingredients into a bowl, cut the butter or lard into flour, etc., until well mixed. Add ST. CHARLES Cream and water.

Roll about half-inch thick, cut and bake in hot oven 18 to 20 minutes.

N. B. All ingredients should be chilled, mixed rapidly, and the oven the right temperature.

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## FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL NEWS

## Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, June 29, 1916.	
Money and Bullion	Tls.
Mex. Dollars: Market rate	71.90
Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch	—
Bar Silver	—
Copper Cash	1934
Bovril:	
buying rate, @ 2-11%—Tls.	6.78
Exch. @ 72.3—Mex.	9.36
Peking Bar	342
Native Interest	.11

Latest London Quotations	
Bar Silver	31.14
Bank rate of discount	5%
Market rate of discount:	
3 m-s.	%
4 m-s.	%
6 m-s.	%
Exchange on Shanghai, 60 d-s.	—
Ex. Paris on London	Fr. 28.16
Ex. N. Y. on London	T.T. 47.6%
Consols	—

Exchange Closing Quotations	
London	T.T. 2-11%
London	Demand 2-11%
India	T.T. 219%
Paris	T.T. 414
Paris	Demand 414%
New York	T.T. 70%
New York	Demand 70%
Hongkong	T.T. 71%
Japan	T.T. 73
Batavia	T.T. 163%

Banks' Buying Rates	
London	4 m-s. Cds. 3-0%
London	4 m-s. Docy. 3-0%
London	6 m-s. Cds. 3-0%
London	6 m-s. Docy. 3-1%
Paris	4 m-s. 430
New York	4 m-s. 73%

CUSTOMS HOUSE RATES OF EXCHANGE FOR JUNE	
41-Hk. Tls.	6.02
41-Hk. Tls.	6.02
Gold \$ 1-Mark	3.84
Gold \$ 1-Hk. Tls.	1.27
41-Hk. Tls.	1.56
1-Rupiah	2.47
1-Rupiah	2.45
1-Mex. \$	1.50
† Nominal	

## Stock Exchange

## Transactions

Shanghai, June 29, 1916.	
TODAY'S QUOTATIONS	
Official	
Sumatras Tls. 160.00	
Telephones Tls. 86.00	
Almas Tls. 13.00	
Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.75	
Bukits Tls. 5.50	
Samagagas Tls. 1.10	
Ayer Tawah Tls. 40.00	
Shanghai Docks Tls. 76.00	
Langkats Tls. 27.00	
Talings Tls. 2.75	
Anglo-Javas Tls. 10.85	
Kota Bahroses Tls. 11.70	
Direct Business Reported	
Kongyiks Tls. 13.25	
Shanghai Gas 6% debs. Tls. 93.00	
Bukits Tls. 5.50	
Tebongs Tls. 27.00	
Tebongs Tls. 27.25	
S.M.C. 5% debs. 1914 Tls. 91.00	

## Sharebrokers' Association

## Transactions

Shanghai, June 29, 1916.	
BUSINESS DONE	
Official	
Kroeweeks Tls. 19.00 cash	
Anglo-Javas Tls. 11.00 July	
Direct	
Langkats Tls. 26.50 cash	

## Shanghai Tramways

The following is the traffic return of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the week ended June 28, 1916, with figures for the corresponding week last year:	
1916	1915
Gross Receipts	\$26,777.82
Loss by currency depreciation	7,042.15
Effective Receipts	\$19,735.67
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	23.33
Car miles run	70,262
Passengers carried	1,193,676

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## HIGH FREIGHT RATES AFTER WAR IS OVER

## Belief Prevails That Charters Will Continue To Be Abnormal

New York, May 26.—Inquiry among shipping interests indicates a generally prevailing belief that freight and charter rates will continue abnormally high, at least for a considerable period after the conclusion of the war. Opinion is divided as to whether the pinnacle of the present upward movement has been reached, but there is no question that the rapidity of the advance has slackened. The demand for tonnage has not declined one whit, but most of the available vessels are already taken up and, consequently, transactions are more restricted than a short time ago. Owners are holding out for long term charters in many instances, while at present rates charterers exhibit a preference for shorter terms.

An argument offered by those who believe much lower levels are due when the war ends is that the release of German and Austrian tonnage and the return of requisitioned ships to normal routes will relieve the present shortage of tonnage and provide an adequate supply for all needs. Offsetting this contention is the view that the demand for space will be maintained, which the losses to shipping arising from the war, particularly those which have affected the British merchant fleet, will not be soon repaired. The requirements of the Allies, who, it is held, will not be willing to employ Teutonic vessels, will bear heavily upon Allied and neutral tonnage, which the German and Austrian ships will probably be needed to replenish stocks in those countries. It is pointed out as a possibility that a fair proportion of German tonnage may be placed in neutral trades after the war, as between the United States and South America, although its efficiency has unquestionably been impaired by enforced idleness, but it is also expected that there will be an expansion in the demand for ships on these routes, which will offset the increased shipping facilities.

A theory outlined by representatives of several prominent shipping companies is that immediately following the war there will be a slump in rates, similar to that occurring after the opening of hostilities, which will be purely the result of the psychological effect of peace. Then, as the demand for cargo space continues strong, rates will turn upward and will approximate existing levels, although probably not advancing quite so high.

One proof that no material decline is anticipated is seen in the orders now placed in American yards for the construction of vessels for delivery as late as 1917, while in neutral yards of Europe orders have been placed which cannot be completed until 1920. Part of this, of course, will fill the gap created by the loss of vessels, but much of the new tonnage will be in addition to the total existing before the war. It is not believed that these contracts would have been let if an abnormal demand was not expected. What the output of German yards has been awaited with interest, as it is recognized that it will have an important bearing upon the situation. But from such evidence as has appeared the deduction is made that they, too, are preparing.

## London Rubber Market

London, June 28.—Following are today's rubber prices:—  
Plantation First Latex.  
Spot: 2s. 4½d. to 2s. 4¼d. paid.  
October to December: 2s. 5¼d. to 2s. 5½d. paid.  
Tendency of Market: Quiet.  
Last Quotation, London June 27:  
Spot: 2s. 4¼d. paid.  
October to December: 2s. 5¼d. paid.  
Tendency of Market: Quiet.

## The China Mutual Life Insurance Company, Ltd.

has already paid more than  
**10½ Millions of Taels**  
to its policyholders, and the Company's books showed over  
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## Hankow Tea Market

The export to the June, 22 as per Customs Returns stands thus:—				
By Way of Shanghai				
	Hankow Tea	Kinkiang Tea	Re-exports	
Season 1916 X 17	3,094,867 lbs.	2,347,831	lbs.	
1916 X 18	6,683,925 "	3,420,265	"	
1914 X 15	7,509,491 "	4,050,868	"	
	Total	Total	Total	
	1916-17	1915-16	1914-15	

	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.
Via Shanghai,			
To Great Britain .....	1,339,971 lbs.	4,104,205 lbs.	4,269,296 lbs.
United States and Canada. 57,767 ..	1,216,280 ..	2,192,761 ..	
Continent .....	64,147 ..	88,093 ..	2,140,001 ..
Russia in Europe .....	633,732 ..	1,822,119 ..	397,573 ..
do via North .....	1,221,584 ..	2,172,181 ..	837,308 ..
Shanghai .....	775,54 ..	385,261 ..	510,311 ..
U.S.		Russia	Russia
& Canada. Gr. Britain.		Continent.	in Asia. in Europe.
Direct,			
1916. ... lbs. 479,885 lbs.	2,691 lbs.	3,408,508 lbs.	1,017,672 lbs.
1915. ... 2,179,343 ..	56,523 ..	4,572,163 ..	1,780,620 ..
1914. 107,203 1,640,419 ..	360,019 ..	6,951,052 ..	4,800,535 ..

## Hankow Export Market

Hankow, June 21.—The following Export returns have been compiled under the direction of the General Chamber of Commerce:—

The prices quoted are for the net shipping weight excluding cost of packing for export.		Prices Nominal	Tls. Piculs	June, 17 Piculs
Cowhides, Best selected			76.50	
Seconds			46.50	11,188
Buffalo hides, No.1 10-60 lbs				
2 10-60				
Goatskins, Untanned, chiefly white color, average 2 lbs				
50% short, 80% mass and 20% long hair	(Pieces)			
White China Grass, Wuchang &-or Poochi (Hemp or Ramie			13.00	
Sinshan and-or Chayu				4,045
Green China Grass, Szechuen			4.00	
Jute (Abutilon)				
White Vegetable Tallow 51° titre			12.25	12,955
Green Vegetable Tallow, 52° titre			10.30	
Animal Tallow			14.50	1,223
Gallnuts, Usual shape			24.00	
Plum			29.00	16
Cotton Lihoo			17.00	
Shansi			20.00	11,874
Black Bristles, Riflings 24" 28" 3" 3½" 3½" 5" 4" 5" 4" 6" 103.00				571
6 6 6 3 1 1 ½ 1½-100%				
Sesamum Seed, White				
" " Yellow			4.10	11,955
" " Red				
" " Black				
Yellow Beans			2.60	29,068
*Broad Beans			1.39	
Sesamum Seed Oil			8.80	33
Groundnuts (with shells)				
(shelled)				4,732
Groundnut Oil			8.00	23
Wood Oil			10.25	13,311
Tea Oil			9.50	54
Rape Oil			7.50	5,163
Quantities include Beans of all kinds.				



## Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

## Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

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Cebu Kuala-Lumpur Singapore  
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Delhi Malacca Sourabaya  
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Reserve ..... Frs. 48,000,000.00

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Bangkok Hanoi Saigon  
Battambang Hongkong Shanghai  
Canton Moukze Singapore  
Djibouti Noumea Tientsin  
Dondohery Peking Tourane  
Haiphong Papeete  
Hankow Pnom-Penh

IN FRANCE: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et Commercial; Societe Generale.  
IN LONDON: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN,  
Manager.

## Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique

Societe Anonyme  
Paid-up Capital ..... Frs. 30,000,000

Head Office: BRUSSELS.

London Office: 2 Bishopsgate.  
Branches at Peking, Tientsin, Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

## President:

JEAN JADOT,  
Gouverneur Societe Generale de Belgique.

## Bankers:

LONDON: Martin's Bank, Ltd.  
BRUSSELS: Societe Generale de Belgique.  
ANTWERP: Banque d'Anvers.  
PARIS: Banque de l'Union Parisienne, Societe Anonyme.

LYONS AND MARSEILLES: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris.  
NEW YORK: National City Bank of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangements.  
Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

W. A. HOEHN,  
Manager.

## Hongkong &amp; Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital ..... \$15,000,000

Reserve Funds:—

Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s. \$15,000,000  
Silver ..... 15,000,000

Reserve Liability of Proprietors ..... \$15,000,000

## Head Office: HONGKONG.

Court of Directors:

W. L. Pattenden, Esq., Chairman.  
S. H. Dodwell, Esq., Deputy  
G. T. M. Edkins, Esq. [Chairman.  
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.  
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak.  
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.  
J. A. Plummer, Esq.  
Hon. Mr. E. Shellim.

## Chief Manager:

Hongkong—N. J. STARR.

## Branches and Agencies:

Amoy Ipoh Peking  
Bangkok Johore Penang  
Batavia Kobe Hongkong  
Bombay Kuala Lumpur  
Calcutta Rangoon  
Canton London Shanghai  
Colonbo Lyons Singapore  
Fochow Malacca Sourabaya  
Hankow Manila Tientsin  
Harbin Nagasaki Tsingtau  
Hilo New York Yokohama

## London Bankers:

London County and Westminster Bank Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.  
Sub-Agency: 9, Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.  
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.  
A. G. STEPHEN,  
Manager.

## Russo-Asiatic Bank

Capital (fully-paid) ..... 45,000,000  
Reserve Fund ..... 22,000,000

Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government ..... 3,500,000  
Reserve Fund ..... 1,733,000

Head Office: PETROGRAD.  
Paris Office: 9, Rue Boudreau.  
London Office: 64, Old Broad St., E.C.

Branches: LONDON: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.  
PARIS: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.  
LYONS: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.

For Eastern Branches and Agencies:  
Bombay Hankow Peking  
Calcutta Lankow Shanghai  
Changchun Harbin Tientsin  
(Kwan-cheng)  
Hongkong Tsingtau  
Nieuwenhuysen Vladivostok  
Chefoo Nicolayovsk Yokohama

Dalny (Dalren) o-A  
85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

## SHANGHAI BRANCH.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES  
J. JEZERSKI,  
Q. CARRERE,  
Managers for China and Japan.

## The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, Ningpo Road.  
Paid-up Capital \$200,000  
All kinds of banking business transacted.  
Currency Exchange a specialty.  
Special department for handling loans against warehouse receipts and other commercial paper.  
Interest on Tael current accounts 2%.  
Particulars of interest allowed on Dollar current accounts and fixed deposits can be obtained on application.

K. F. CHEN,  
General Manager.

## International Banking Corporation

Head Office:  
60, Wall Street, New York

London Branch:  
36, Bishopsgate, E. C.

Capital paid-up . . . U.S. \$3,250,000.00  
Reserve and Undivided Profits . . . U.S. \$2,288,988.77  
U.S. \$5,538,988.77

London Bankers:  
Bank of England.  
National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.

Branches and Agents  
All over the world.

THE CORPORATION transacts every description of Banking and Exchange business, issues Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit and Travellers' Cheques, available in the United States of America and in all other parts of the world, receives money on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT and on FIXED DEPOSIT upon terms which can be ascertained on application.

G. HOGG,  
Manager.

1a Kiukiang Road.

## Hongkong &amp; Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:  
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than \$1, or over \$100, will be received at one time.

Not more than \$1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of \$5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3% per cent. per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

## Banque Industrielle de Chine.

Capital ..... Frs. 45,000,000  
One-third of the Capital, i.e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.  
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE  
74, RUE St. LAZARE, PARIS.

Branches in Peking, Tientsin and Shanghai

BANKERS:  
In France: Societe Generale pour le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.  
In London: London, County and Westminster Bank, Ltd.  
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits on application.  
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

G. LION,  
Manager.

1, French Bund, Shanghai.

## Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1886.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed .... Yen 48,000,000  
Capital Paid-up ..... " 30,000,000  
Reserve Fund ..... " 20,400,000

London Bankers:  
Union of London & Smith's Bank, The London Joint Stock Bank, Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:  
Antungshai London Port Arthur  
Bombay Lisoyang S. Francisco  
Calcutta Los Angeles Sydney  
Changchun Lyons Siam  
Daly Mukden Tientsin  
Hankow Nagasaki Tientsin  
Harbin Newchwang Tokio  
Hongkong New York Tsingtau  
Holonulu Oosaka  
Kobe Peking

SHANGHAI BRANCH  
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.  
Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa and China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America, and every description of Banking and exchange business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

## The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorized Capital ..... £1,500,000  
Subscribed Capital ..... 1,125,000  
Paid-up Capital ..... 562,500  
Reserve Fund ..... 550,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:  
Bank of England.  
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies:  
Bombay Howrah Madras  
Calcutta Kandy Penang  
Colombo Karachi Port Louis  
Delhi Kota Bharu (Mauritius)  
Galle (Kelantan) Rangoon  
Hongkong Kuala Lumpur Shanghai  
Singapore.

Shanghai Branch.  
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.  
Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% per annum and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH,  
Acting Manager.

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## Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij

(NEDERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY)

Established 1824.

Paid-up Capital—  
Gulden 50,000,000 (about £4,167,000)  
Reserve Fund—  
Gulden 9,237,150 (about £769,763)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.  
Head Agency: BATAVIA

Agencies in Holland:  
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:  
Bandjermasin Padang Soerakarta  
Bandong Palembang Tandjong Baiel  
Cheribon Pekalongan Tebing-Tinggi  
Djember Pangsia Tegal  
Djakarta Pontianak Telok-Betong  
Hongkong Rangoon Tjilatap  
Kota-Radia Semarang Weltevreden  
Makassar Singapore  
Medan Soerabaya

London Bankers:—  
Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents, and transacts banking business of every description.

Current accounts kept in taels and dollars.

SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. I. WYBERG,  
Acting Agent.

## THE BANK OF TERRITORIAL DEVELOPMENT OF CHINA, LIMITED

33 Nanking Road: Tel. Nos. 3593-4492.

CHARTERED BY THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT, 1914  
"THE PREMIER, CHINESE BANK IN THE ORIENT."

Head Office: Peking

Authorized Capital ..... \$20,000,000.00  
Subscribed Capital ..... 14,000,000.00  
Fully Paid Up Capital 4,000,000.00  
Liabilities ..... \$10,000,000.00

Board of Directors:  
Chairman: Mr. Wang Yi-tang, ex-Tartar General of Mongolian Frontier and now General Advisor to Yuan Shih-kai.  
Vice-Chairman: Mr. Feng Ling-pei, President of the United Chamber of Commerce in Peking.  
Mr. Chin Char, Chairman of the Bureau of Commerce and Labour of the Central Board of Commerce.  
Mr. Tao Te-kuang, M. A., Cornell University, U.S.A., ex-Commissioner on Foreign Loans, now Commissioner on Currency Reform and Advisor on Finance to Li Yuan-hung.  
Mr. Liu Ming-chee, Financier and Capitalist, Managing Director for the Chinese Frontier Trading Corporation.

BRANCHES and Sub-Branches in the provinces and Territories of China.

Bankers:  
The Eastern Bank, Ltd., London.  
National Bank of Commerce, New York.

FOREIGN AGENCIES:  
Amsterdam Manila Seattle  
Bangkok Malta Somarong  
Batavia Melbourne Singapore  
Benken Milan Soerabaya  
Bombay Moscow Sydney  
Calcutta New York Tokio  
Cheribon Osaka Wellington  
Hankow Peking Yokohama  
Holonulu Rangoon  
Macassar San Francisco

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept in Taels and Dollars; interest allowed in Taels at 2 1/4% per annum, in Dollars at 1 1/4% per annum on the daily balance of over Taels or Dollars 200 respectively.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

The Bank transacts every description of Exchange and Banking business, issues drafts and letters of credit on the above Branches and Agencies.

Advances made on approved securities and local bills discounted.

C. T. HSU, Manager.  
YUSHU CHIN, Sub-Manager.  
March 10, 1916.

## The Bank of China.

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorized Capital ..... \$60,000,000  
Paid-up Capital ..... \$10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Branches and Agencies:  
Peking, Tientsin, Newchwang, Moukden, Changchun, Harbin, Dairen, Tsinan, Tsingtau, Kaifung, Hankow, Ichang, Shanshi, Wuhu, Yangchow, Chinkiang, Nanking, Shanghai, Hangchow, Ningpo, Fochow, Canton, Nanchang, Taiyuen, etc., etc.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,  
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts in Taels at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:

For 3 months at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum.  
For 6 months at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.  
For 12 months at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG,  
Manager.

## BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Paid-up Capital: Kungping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.

Fifty Branches and Agencies in China.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on current accounts and on fixed deposits in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

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## Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI.

Subscribed Capital, Sh. Tls. 5,000,000  
Paid-up Capital, Sh. Tls. 2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:

For 3 months at 3% per annum.  
For 6 months at 4% per annum.  
For 12 months at 5% per annum.  
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,  
Chief Manager.

## The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912

Authorized Capital ..... H. \$2,000,000  
Subscribed and Paid-up Capital ..... H. \$1,357,850  
Reserve Fund ..... H. \$70,000

Head Office:  
6, Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office: 2, Ningpo Road.

Drafts granted on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2% p.a. on daily balance and on Fixed Deposits:

For 3 months at 3% per annum.  
For 6 months at 4% per annum.  
For 12 months at 5% per annum.  
On Deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

IUKUUN,  
Manager.

## Launch Services

TODAY

The tender conveying departing passengers and mails to the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 9.30 a.m.

The tender conveying departing passengers and mails to the R.V.F. s.s. Poltava will leave the Customs Jetty at 3 p.m.

TOMORROW

The tender conveying departing passengers and mails to the N.K.K. s.s. Kohoku Maru will leave the Jetty in front of 5, the Bund at 10.30 a.m.

Sicawei Weather Report

28.—Deep depression over North China, extending from Chihli to Korea. Barometer slightly rising in the Yangtze Valley. Heavy showers

in our regions viz. between Hupoh and Cheking.  
29.—Heavy showers at times in spite of the persisting barometric rise. Breezes keeping to S.E.

## Meteorological Readings

Thursday, June 29, 1916.

WEATHER, 4 a.m. 9 a.m.

Bar. at Cent. mm. .... 750.80 751.76  
Inches ..... 29.56 29.60

Variation mm. for 24 h. .... 1.97 1.97  
Variation mm. for 12 h. .... 1.20 1.35

Direction ..... S.W. S.W.  
Wind Kilom. per hour ..... 7 12  
Miles ..... 4 7.5

Temperature (Cen) ..... 19.8 21.0  
Fahr ..... 67.5 69.8

Humidity: co ..... 68 69  
Nebulosity: 5-10 ..... 10 10

Rainfall mm. .... — —  
Rainfall inches ..... — —

## Provision Prices in Local Markets

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollars cents at Hongkong market, as compiled on June 27, 1916.

## Butcher's Meat

Beef per lb. 14-20  
Mutton " 16-20  
Pork " 25-30  
Veal " 25-30

## Fish

Bream per lb. none  
Cod " 14-16  
Mandarin " 20-30  
Mackerel " 14-16  
Pomfret " 14-16  
Salmon " none  
Sami " 25-30  
Soles " 14-16  
Whitebait " none

## Game, Poultry and Eggs

Deer each none  
Duck " 30-60  
Eggs per doz. 15-17  
Fowl per lb. 22-25  
Geese each 50-1.00  
Hare " none  
Partridge " none  
Pheasant " none  
Pigeons " 20-25  
Plover " none  
Quail " none  
Snipe " none

## Turkey

per lb. none  
Teal each none  
Wild Duck " none  
Wild Geese " none  
Woodcock " none  
Wild Pigeon " none

## Fruit

Apples per lb. 25-30  
Apricots " 10-12  
Bananas " 7-8  
Cherries " none  
Cocoanuts each 15-20  
Chestnuts per lb. none  
Figs per doz. none  
Grapes per lb. none  
Lemons each 7-8  
Lichees per lb. 15-20  
Mangoes each 15-20  
Mangosteens per doz. none  
Melons each none  
Oranges per lb. 20-25  
Peaches " 8-10  
Persimmons " none  
Pineapples each 10-12  
Peeboes per lb. 10-12  
Plums per lb. 6-10  
Pumeloes each none  
Pears per lb. 8-10  
Strawberries " none  
Walnuts " 10-12



## GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

## Future Sailings

## FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
July 2	10.30	Seattle, Wash.	Sado maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
3	P.M.	San Francisco	China	Am.	C. M. S. S. Co.
4	P.M.	Vancouver B.C.	Montezuma	Br.	C. P. O. S.
5	..	Tacoma	Nanking maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
12	..	New York via Panama	Toyooka maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
14	P.M.	Vancouver B.C.	Empress of Russia	Br.	C. P. O. S.
16	noon	Seattle, Wash.	Awa maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
21	P.M.	San Francisco	Tenyo maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.
22	..	Boston & New York	Muncaster Castle	Br.	Dodwell
24	noon	Seattle, Wash.	Shidzuka maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Aug 1	..	San Francisco etc.	Beesin Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Sept 8	P.M.	San Francisco	China	Am.	C. M. S. S. Co.
15	..	San Francisco etc.	Strathardie	Br.	Dollar Co.

## FOR JAPAN PORTS

June 30	8.00	Nagasaki	Poltava	Rus.	R. V. F.
July 1	11.30	Nagasaki, Mofu, Kobe	Omi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
1	9.30	Kobe, Yokohama	Atsuta maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
2	P.M.	Kobe, Yokohama	Atsuta maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
4	P.M.	Mofu, Kobe etc.	Montezuma	Br.	C. P. O. S.
4	1.00	Nagasaki, Mofu	Chikuzen maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
14	P.M.	Nagasaki, Kobe	Empress of Russia	Br.	C. P. O. S.
18	P.M.	Kobe, Yokohama	Polynesian	Br.	C. M. S. S. Co.
21	8.00	Nagasaki, Kobe etc.	Tenyo maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.

## FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

July 2	11.00	London, Marseilles via Cape	Kashima maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
4	P.M.	Marseilles etc.	Andre Lebon	Fr.	C. M. S. M.
9	A.M.	Marseilles, London via Suez	Nellore	Br.	P. & O.
12	D.L.	London via Cape	Prism	Br.	B. & S.
15	D.L.	London via Cape	Antiochus	Br.	B. & S.
18	9.30	London, etc via Cape	Miehima maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
18	D.L.	London via Cape	Phoenicia	Br.	B. & S.
19	P.M.	Marseilles via Suez	Atlantique	Fr.	C. M. S. M.
23	P.M.	London, etc via Cape	Suwa maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
24	9.30	Marseilles, London via Suez	Nankin	Br.	P. & O.

## FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

June 30	P.M.	Ningpo, Wenchow	Kwangchi	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.
30	4.00	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
July 1	1.30	Pootoo via Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.
1	A.M.	Hongkong, Canton	Kwangchi	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.
2	11.00	Hongkong, Canton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
4	D.L.	Swatow	Ningpo	Br.	B. & S.
4	D.L.	Hongkong, Canton	Luchow	Br.	B. & S.
6	D.L.	Hongkong, Canton	Shantung	Br.	B. & S.
6	D.L.	Swatow	Linan	Br.	B. & S.
7	2.30	Hongkong	Shidzuka maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
11	9.00	Keelung direct	Joshin maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
19	5.00	Hongkong	Nippon maru	Jap.	A. T. Co.

## FOR NORTHERN PORTS

June 30	10.30	Wladivostok and Dalny	Kobe maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
30	3.00	Vladivostok	Poltava	Rus.	R. V. F.
July 1	10.00	Weihsaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
1	11.30	Tientsin, Dalny	Koboku maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
1	A.M.	Tientsin	Hsinming	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.
2	11.00	Antung	Chunghing	Br.	B. & S.
2	A.M.	Chefoo, Tientsin	Anping	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.
4	3.00	Weihsaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
4	1.30	Dalny direct	Sakaki maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
4	D.L.	Weihsaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Koanshing	Br.	J. M. & Co.
6	10.00	Weihsaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
8	10.00	Weihsaiwei, Chefoo, Tientsin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
11	9.00	Tientsin, Dalny	Keelung maru	Jap.	N. K. K.

## FOR RIVER PORTS

June 30	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luanyi	Br.	B. & S.
30	M.N.	do	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
30	M.N.	do	Tehsin	Br.	Geddes & Co.
July 1	M.N.	do	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
2	M.N.	do	Nanyang maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
3	M.N.	do	Kiangkwan	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.
4	M.N.	do	Talee maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
4	M.N.	do	Tungting	Br.	B. & S.
5	M.N.	do	Fengyang maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
5	M.N.	do	Tachi maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
5	M.N.	do	Neankin	Br.	B. & S.
6	M.N.	do	Yohyang maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
7	M.N.	do	Tachang maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
7	M.N.	do	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
8	M.N.	do	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.

\* A.M. M.N.—Midnight. D.L.—Daylight.

## Arrivals

Date	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
June 29	Ningpo	Kiangteen	2012	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KLYW
June 29	Chefoo	Tungchow	1233	Br.	J. M. & Co.	CNW
June 29	Hongkong	Choyang	1424	Br.	J. M. & Co.	SHW
June 29	Hongkong	Colombo maru	2882	Jap.	N. Y. K.	
June 29	Hankow	Nanyang maru	1968	Jap.	N. K. K.	NYKW
June 29	Hankow	Luanyi	1735	Br.	B. & S.	OSW
June 29	Hankow	Tuckwo	2355	Br.	J. M. & Co.	SHW
June 29	Dalny	Kobe maru	1536	Jap.	S. M. R.	KLYW

## Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents
May 29	Hankow etc.	Kiangyung	1451	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.
29	Wakamatsu	Oturu maru	1881	Jap.	M. B. K.
29	Hankow etc.	Shangyang maru	1884	Jap.	N. K. K.
29	Hankow etc.	Tatung	1881	Br.	B. & S.
29	Swatow	Tamsui	919	Br.	B. & S.
29	Amoy, Swatow	Hsinchang	1258	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.
29	Karatsu, Manila	Chekiang	1315	Br.	B. & S.
29	Wuhu	Wenchow	560	Br.	B. & S.
29	Japan	Kaouga maru	2387	Jap.	N. Y. K.
29	Dalny	Yekko maru	879	Jap.	M. B. K.
29	Hongkong, Canton	Anhui	1355	Br.	B. & S.
29	Liverpool	Tydeus	4850	Br.	B. & S.
29	Ningpo	Kiangteen	2012	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.

## Men-of-War In Port

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating	Tons	Guns	Men	Commander
II	April 5	Cruise	Brooklyn**	Am. cru.	9215	20	500	Day
F & B	June 5	Cruise	Cincinnati	Am. cru.	3213	17	298	Pewel
S p.	June 24	Cruise	Quinos	Am. g-b.	350	2		Strail

\*\*Flagship, Far Eastern Squadron.

Admiral A. H. Winterhalter in command.

The French gunboats D. de Lagree and Decidee, the Japanese gunboats Fushimi, Sumida and Toba, and the British gunboat Woodlark are not included in this list, being dismantled.

## Vessels Loading

## For River Ports

**HANKOW and PORTS.**—The Co.'s Str. Nanyang Maru, Captain S. Yamaki, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Wharf on Saturday, July 1 at midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

**HANKOW and PORTS.**—The Str. Kiangkwan, Capt. O. B. Conley, will leave on Sunday night. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

**HANKOW and PORTS.**—The Co.'s Str. Talee Maru, Captain G. Tanida, will be despatched from the Footing N.K.K. Wharf on Monday, July 3 at midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to The Nishin Kisen Kaisha, No. 5 The Bund. Tel. No. 3256.

## For Southern Ports

**WENCHOW via NINGPO.**—The Str. Kwangchi, Capt. A. P. Sangster, will leave on Friday, night. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

**HONGKONG and CANTON.**—The Str. Kwangchi, Capt. C. Stewart, will leave on Saturday morning. For Freight or Passage apply to C. M. S. N. Co.

**POOTOO and NINGPO.**—The str. Kiangteen, will leave on Saturday afternoon. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

## Vessels In Harbor And At Woosung

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Tons	Flag	Agents	Berth
Nov 14	Hankow	Albenga	2780	Ger.	Carlowitz	USA
June 24	Hongkong	Antiochus	8806	Br.	B. & S.	HWYK
June 28	Chefoo	Anping	1159	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KLYW
Aug 4	Hongkong	Bobemia	4282	Aus.	Ans. Lloyd	B. IV
Aug 5	Hongkong	China	8868	Aus.	Ans. Lloyd	CMW
June 1	Amoy	Chiyen	2111	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KLYW
June 15	Hankow	Changon	1289	Br.	Geddes & Co.	YTPD
Aug 8	Hongkong	D. Rickmers	2651	Ger.	H. D. & Co.	USA
Apr 14	Hongkong	Elesabeth	4131	Nor.	Wallem & Co.	B. IV
Dec 27	Nanking	Fortuna	182	Ger.	H. D. & Co.	10 p
June 27	Chinwangtao	Hunglee	602	Chl.	K. M. A.	10 p
June 28	Chefoo	Hsinming	1428	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KLYW
July 22	Hongkong	Kwangchi	4681	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KLYW
May 28	Hankow	Kinling	2511	Br.	B. & S.	CNWP
June 27	Hankow	Kiangyung	1400	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KLYW
June 27	Wenchow	Kwangchi	1205	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KLYW
June 27	Chefoo	Kingsing	1983	Br.	J. M. & Co.	SHW
June 28	Hongkong	Koboku maru	1335	Chl.	C. M. S. N. Co.	KLYW
June 28	Foochow	Koboku maru	1811	Jap.	N. K. K.	LPDLW
June 28	Hongkong	Luchow	1216	Br.	B. & S.	WTW
July 16	Hankow	Meldah	1882	Ger.	Melchers	NGLB I
July 30	Hankow	Melice	1882	Ger.	Melchers	NGLB I
June 2	Hankow	Melice	406	Am.	S. O. Co.	SOCV
27	Singapore	Manila	733	Chl.	S. Tones	TKDUW
June 28	Shihyao	Nanyo maru	1922	Jap.	S. S.	OWSB
June 28	Japan	Omi maru	2221	Jap.	N. Y. K.	NYKW
May 24	Cruise	Pacific	727	Dan.	G. N. T. Co.	9 p
June 28	Vladivostok	Poltava	1900	Rus.	S. O. Co.	9 p
June 27	Japan	Rokkosen maru	1943	Jap.	M. B. K.	SHW
July 30	Tsingtao	Sikiang	1840	Ger.	H. A. L.	Int D W
July 30	Hongkong	Silesia	5448	Aus.	Ans. Lloyd	S VIII
June 19	Cruise	Store Nordiske	696	Dan.	G. N. T. Co.	8 p
June 27	Hankow	Tafo maru	1756	Jap.	N. K. K.	LPDW
June 25	Chinwangtao	Volund	1114	Nor.	K. M. A.	KMAW
June 27	Japan	Yodo maru	1350	Jap.	F. & Co	KLYW

## For Japan

**NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.**—The s.s. Tenyo Maru 23,000 tons, Capt. H. S. Smith, will be despatched on Friday, July 21, 1916. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m. For freight or passage apply to The American Trading Company.

## For Foreign Ports

**SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.**—The s.s. Tenyo Maru 23,000 tons, Capt. H. S. Smith, will be despatched on Friday, July 21, 1916. Passengers booked to all points in America, and ports in Great Britain and Europe. The tender conveying passengers and mails will leave the Customs jetty at 5 p.m. For freight or passage apply to The American Trading Company.

## Shipping Items

The C.N. s.s. Poyang left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I.C. s.s. Esang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangkwan left Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Fengtien left Tientsin for Shanghai via Weihsaiwei and Chefoo on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Talee Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Wednesday.

The I.C. s.s. Loongwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Tungting left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Shengking left Tientsin for Shanghai via Weihsaiwei and Chefoo yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Yingchow left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinchi left Foochow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangfoo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

## Swedish East Asiatic Co., Ltd.

Regular Steamship service between Sweden and China.

Shanghai Agents:

The Ekman Foreign Agencies, Limited.

DOLLAR S.S. LINE  
Pacific Service

## PROPOSED SAILINGS

S.S. "Bessie Dollar" . . . Aug. 1st

S.S. "Strathardle" . . . Sept. 15th

S.S. "Hazel Dollar" . . . Oct. 1st

Will accept cargo for San Francisco, San Pedro, Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and Vancouver.

Through Bills of Lading issued to the principal cities of the United States and Canada.

For further information as to freight rates, apply to

## THE ROBERT DOLLAR CO.

Union Building, corner of Canton Road and Bund

Telephone 2331.

The C.N. s.s. Ngankin will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The K. M. A. s.s. Matsuo Maru, (chartered), left Chingwangtao for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C. M. s.s. Kiangshin will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.Y.K. European line s.s. Kashima Maru, with mails left Nagasaki for Shanghai on Wednesday, and may be expected to arrive at the Co.'s buoy today at about 6 a.m. The tender carrying up passengers and mails is expected to arrive at the Customs jetty about 8.30 a.m. This steamer will be despatched for London on Sunday, July 2.

The N.Y.K. European line s.s. Atsuta Maru, with mails left Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday, and may be expected to arrive at the Wayside wharf today about 5 a.m. This steamer will be despatched for Kobe and Yokohama on Saturday, July 1.

The Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, s.s. Montague from Shanghai at 6 a.m. on Monday, the 26th instant arrived at Hongkong at 10 a.m. yesterday.

## Passengers Arrived

Per S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru from Dalny:—Mr. Emmens

Per C.N. s.s. Tungchow from Tientsin:—Mr. and Mrs. McClack and 2 children, Dr. and Mrs. Colman, Misses Mooney and Howell.

Per I.C. s.s. Tuckwo from Hankow:—Mr. and Mrs. Ducks, Mrs. Wilson and child, Mrs. Burroughs.

## Passengers Departed

Per C.N. s.s. Tatung for Kiukiang:—Dr. and Mrs. Hatto. For Ichang:—Mr. G. Wallace. For Wuhu:—Mr. Westcott, and Master J. Corbin. For Hankow:—Mr. Scheschnora.

Per C.N. s.s. Anhui for Hongkong:—Mr. and Mrs. Ching Chung-ton, Mrs. I. Beck, Miss Lee, Messrs. Chow Ching-tang and Roxburgh.

Per C.N. s.s. Kingkong for Weihsaiwei:—Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Marshall and 3 children, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Emmett and 2 children, and Mr. G. H. Wright. For Chefoo:—Dr. and Mrs. J. S. Grant.

Canadian Pacific  
Ocean Services, Limited  
Trans-Pacific LinesTo Canada, U.S. & Europe.  
(Subject to Change)

Montezuma . . . . . July 4

Empress of Russia . . . . . 14

Empress of Japan . . . . . July 28

Empress of Asia . . . . . Aug. 11

Montezuma . . . . . Sept. 2

Empress of Russia . . . . . Sept. 5

Empress of Japan . . . . . Sept. 22

Empress of Asia . . . . . Oct. 4

Empress of Russia . . . . . Nov. 8

For further information apply to  
L. E. N. RYAN,  
Agent.  
Tel. 1668  
Corner Peking & Yuen-yuen Roads

## T. K. K.

## TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

Imperial Japanese and U.S. Mail Line.

To San Francisco from Shanghai by Semi-Tropical Route, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu

## PROPOSED SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO

S.S. "TEN
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# U.S. COURT ANNIVERSARY DINNER TO BE RECORD

250 Seats Are Already Booked; Today Will Be Last Chance To Secure Places

It became an assured fact yesterday that the dinner to be held to-night at the Astor House in honor of the tenth anniversary of the United States Court for China will be one of the largest ever held by the Americans here. Two hundred and fifty guests have already made reservations and there are still places for a few others. Procurators who wish to attend should communicate with Mr. Earl B. Rose, at the United States Court for China this morning.

Dr. Paul S. Reinsch, the American Minister, is expected to be the guest of honor and to deliver the address of the evening. His subject is "The Diplomatic Side of the Extra-Territorial Court." Judge C. S. Lobingier is to be chairman for the occasion. There will be short talks by Mr. Stirling Fessenden, Dr. P. L. Hawks Pott, and Mr. Edwin S. Cunningham. There is to be a good musical program including songs by Mr. R. S. Curry and Mr. M. L. Heen.

## ROYALTY AT ALDERSHOT

(Reuter's Agency War Service) London, June 28.—Their Majesties King, George and Queen Mary are at Aldershot.

# Turks are Re-inforcing Against The Shereef

Expect Protracted Siege At Medina, Garrison Being In Good Condition

(Reuter's Agency War Service) Cairo, June 27.—News received from Syria shows that the Turks are hurrying up re-inforcements to the Hedjaz railway. The fight at Medina is likely to be protracted, as the garrison is fairly strong and well-equipped. The Shereef's sons Faizal and Ali command the besieging army.

The feeling of the Ulema and the students at the Mosque El Ashar, which is the real barometer of Moslem sentiment, is most sympathetic to the movement at Mecca, while the Syrians and Mesopotamians are wholeheartedly with the Grand Shereef. The general attitude of educated Egyptians is the same as that of the Egyptian members of the Mosque El Ashar. The Tangier Moors are delighted with the downfall of the Turks in Arabia.

In the House of Lords, the Marquis of Crewe emphasised that it had always been the view of the Government that the holy places in Arabia and Mesopotamia must be secured under Moslem control. It seemed likely that the revolt of the Shereef against Turkey would render it far easier to encourage a renewal of the pilgrimage.

# St. Francis Xavier's Prize-giving

The annual prize-giving of St. Francis Xavier's College took place yesterday evening. On the platform were Messrs. E. C. Pearce, Chairman of the Municipal Council, and Messrs. H. von Heidenstam and E. W. Godfrey, representing the Engineering Society of China. The program opened with a chorus by the youngest pupils following which a playlet entitled, "The Miser" was produced. Athletic exercises accompanied by an orchestra conducted by Mr. J. Allsop came next. The Rev. Brother Faust then read the annual report. He said that in the annual report of the past three years, he had been able to state that each succeeding year created a record in the number of pupils attending the college.

"The scholastic year just ended, I am happy to say, has created a further record. In June 1915 we finished with 799 on the roll. We re-opened the classes in September with 739 pupils. The number rapidly mounted, until in October of the same year we reached 825, the maximum we could take, and we finished the year with the same number.

"The health of the boarders has been very satisfactory indeed. We are very well satisfied on the whole with the diligence and progress of the pupils. Their work was well reflected in the last Cambridge Examinations, when 23 pupils of our college passed. In Mensuration and Surveying, out of 106 entries for same, the world over, 8 have gained distinctions, and the 1st and 2nd places have been won by students from this college.

"In Junior Bookkeeping, there was an entry of 1227 candidates the world over, and 18 of our boys attained distinctions. The 6th, 12th and 17th places have been won by students from our college. In Senior Bookkeeping, there were 633 candidates; 21 of ours gained distinctions, and the 8th place was won by a member of our college.

"The domain of sport we have been very successful. We have won three cups, namely the Carill, the Association, and the Midget, which is presented by Mr. J. Prentice for competition among very young students.

"The best match of the season was for the shield presented by Mr. Xavier between the Old Boys and the present members, and the latter secured a well won victory. In the 2nd league division, our old Boys have made a record. They have not lost a single game.

"Mr. E. C. Pearce, and Mr. Von Heidenstam then spoke briefly on educational and engineering subjects. Mr. Pearce presented the prizes to the following winners:

"The 'Engineering Society of China' Bursary. Presented for the best Junior Pass in Mathematics at the Cambridge Local Examinations. Winner—Master F. Goncalves. Won for the 5th year in succession.

"Additional Bursary for excellent pass. Winner—Master J. Thompson. Cambridge Local Examinations: Seniors.—III. Class honors. S. Chun Wing Ching. Distinction in Book-Keeping. Passed.—D. Yih Mur Ching.

"Juniors.—J. Thompson. I. Class honors. Distinction in French and Mathematics. F. Goncalves. II. Class honors. Distinction in Mathematics, Book-Keeping, and Mensuration and Surveying.

"A. Souza. II. Class honors. Distinction in Mathematics and Book-Keeping. A. Sequeira. III. Class honors. Distinction in Mathematics, Mensuration and Surveying. Passed.—J. Gutierrez, J. E. Cooke,

# Berlin Says Allies' Activity Increasing

Claim to Have Repulsed All Attacks, Inflicting Very Severe Losses

(Ostasiatische Lloyd War Service) Official German telegram.—Headquarters, June 28.—Western theater.—The fighting activity on the German front, directed towards the west against the British and the northern wing of the French army, has been considerable during the last two days. West of Mort Homme, hostile night advances failed before the German artillery and machine-gun fire.

On the right bank of the Meuse, attacks of very strong enemy forces, made in the evening, against the German position on the ridge of Froide Terre, ended with a complete failure for the French. The enemy were repulsed everywhere, partly in hand-to-hand fighting within the German lines and suffered severe losses.

German air-squadrons attacked the British camps near Pas, west of Domellens, with bombs. Eastern theater.—There was particularly lively artillery activity and some engagements of small detachments. Otherwise, nothing important occurred on the northern part of the front.

With General von Linsingen's army group, violent engagements continued west of Sokol and near Zaturze, which were successful for the Germans. The number of Russian prisoners taken since June 16th has reached 61 officers and 11,097 men; the booty has increased to 2 guns and 4 machine-guns.

The situation on General Count von Bothmer's front is generally unchanged. Official Austro-Hungarian telegram.—Vienna, June 28.—Russian theater.—In the Bukovina, there were no special events. On the

heights north of Kut, Russian attacks were repulsed. The Russian losses were heavy. On the rest of the Galician front, the day was calmer.

In Volhynia, there were mostly only artillery engagements. West of Sokol, German troops stormed the first enemy position, extending over a length of about three kilometers. Within this position, they repulsed violent Russian counter-attacks. Further north, the situation is unchanged.

Italian theater.—In order to maintain their full lines of action, the Austro-Hungarians shortened the front at some places in the district of attack between the Brenta and the Adige. This was carried out without having been noticed or disturbed by the enemy and without losses.

In the Dolomites and on the Carinthian and the coast district front, the artillery fighting continued. Two Austro-Hungarian naval aeroplanes bombed the Adria Works.

Berlin, June 28.—The Deutscher Ueberseesendienst reports: The following is reported from Karlsruhe, in regard to the recent French air attack: Some attack was made on Corpus Christi day, Thursday, June 22, at 3.10 p.m., the French aviators began to drop bombs with poisoned pins. This is proved by the fact that the "heads" in the neighborhood of the explosion were tainted yellow. A large crowd had assembled in the streets on account of the holy day. 75 children, 5 women and 30 men were killed, while 79 children, 20 women and 48 men were wounded. The total number of killed and wounded children is 164.

Among those who lost their lives

were three brothers, further one brother and sister and an eleven-year-old only son of a widow, whose husband had fallen at the front. The Grand Duke and Grand Duchess were also in the streets. The Dowager Grand Duchess Louise was at a mission Church during the bombardment. The Queen remained unharmed also this time.



Volkel & Schneider, A.G. 87, Nanking Road Shanghai.

# CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration) June 15th, 1916, and until further notice

Mail	Mail	Miles	dep. Peking	arr. Tientsin-Central	dep. Tientsin-Central	arr. Peking	Mail	Mail	Miles	dep. Tientsin-East	arr. Tientsin-Central	dep. Tientsin-Central	arr. Tientsin-East	Mail	Mail	Miles	dep. Tientsin-East	arr. Tientsin-Central	dep. Tientsin-Central	arr. Tientsin-East
8.30	6.35	0					10.2	8.44	18.55					10.2	8.44	18.55				
11.25	9.10						1.5	5.08	15.58					1.5	5.08	15.58				
11.35	13.17	82					5.03	15.53						5.03	15.53					
11.45	19.25						4.55	15.45						4.55	15.45					
1.10	2						1	101						1	101					
1.35	2.3	0					7.10	1.25						7.10	1.25					
4.45	19.10						6.50	1.10						6.50	1.10					
4.55	19.20	434					6.40	1.01						6.40	1.01					
5.03	19.30																			
Local	Mail	3	0				15.32	19.56						15.32	19.56					
7.30	12.30		71				15.22	19.46						15.22	19.46					
7.40	12.40		78				15.02	19.26						15.02	19.26					
8.00	13.00		149				11.57	15.23						11.57	15.23					
11.45	16.30		221				9.17	12.13						9.17	12.13					
18.16	22.41		266				6.31	9.19						6.31	9.19					
7.30	23.01		319				3.56	15.12						3.56	15.12					
10.09	1.28		378				1.04	12.41						1.04	12.41					
12.30	3.49		421				0.54	12.26						0.54	12.26					
12.45	3.59		523				22.1	10.02						22.1	10.02					
15.36	6.55		61				19.35	7.40						19.35	7.40					
17.46	9.03		62				19.15	21.50						19.15	21.50					
6.00	9.23						14.52	15.25						14.52	15.25					
11.30	13.18						14.42	14.18						14.42	14.18					
11.50	13.24						11.11	8.51						11.11	8.51					
18.02	17.07						9.45	6.50						9.45	6.50					
19.53	18.23																			
Exp.	Exp.	0					7.05							7.05						
23.00	23.01		193				7.00	15.04						7.00	15.04					
7.00	7.10						23.00	7.36						23.00	7.36					

Application for sleeping accommodation at \$5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tainanfu, Hsuehchow or Pukow.

By Order, THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, June, 1916.

# SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY

ABRIDGED TIME TABLE IN FORCE FROM THE 1st NOVEMBER, 1915.

## MAIN LINE.

SHANGHAI TO ZAH KOU. "DOWN" ZAH KOU TO SHANGHAI. "UP"

STATIONS	2	4	6	8	10	12	STATIONS	1	3	5	7	9	11
	Local	Fast	Slow	Coolie Goods	Ex-Press	Local		Local	Fast	Slow	Coolie Goods	Ex-Press	Local
Shanghai South	dep.	8.00	8.55	10.15	8.00	4.20	Zah Kou	dep.	7.20	8.20	9.25	8.25	8.50
Sung King	arr.	8.52	10.01	11.24	8.13	5.46	Hangchow	arr.	7.44	8.45	9.58	8.40	4.18
Ka Shai	dep.	8.55	10.06	11.40	8.15	5.56	Chang An	dep.	7.55	8.55	10.13	8.50	4.35
Ka Shai	arr.	9.49	11.07	1.02	5.00	7.10	Yeh Zah	arr.	8.52	10.11	12.15	9.41	5.48
Ka Shai	dep.	10.11	11.35	1.33	5.19	7.40	Yeh Zah	dep.	9.25	10.54	1.15	4.06	6.37
Yeh Zah	arr.	7.30	10.19	1.45	5.29		Ka Shai	arr.	9.32	11.01	1.50	4.08	6.47
Yeh Zah	dep.	8.24	10.56	12.27	2.37	5.56	Ka Shai	dep.	10.09	11.43	2.45	4.35	7.38
Chang An	arr.	8.40	10.58	12.31	2.53	5.58	Yeh Zah	arr.	7.40	10.12	1.55	8.01	4.41
Chang An	dep.	9.38	11.33	1.17	5.55	6.25	Ka Shai	arr.	8.18	10.36	12.38	8.37	5.01
Hangchow	arr.	11.18	12.28	2.30	5.32	7.00	Sung King	arr.	9.33	11.29	1.56	4.48	5.44
Hangchow	dep.	11.30	12.38	2.42	5.47	7.24	Sung King	dep.	10.02	11.32	1.31	4.58	5.47
Zah Kou	arr.	11.55	12.57	3.05	6.20	7.40	Shanghai South	arr.	11.22	12.25	2.38	6.07	6.30

## KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE

KON ZEN CHIAO TO ZAH KOU ZAH KOU TO KON ZEN CHIAO

STATIONS	14	16	18	20	22	24	STATIONS	13	15	17	19	21	23
	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.		a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.
Kon Zen Chiao	dep.	7.40	10.10	11.50	1.25	8.05	Zah Kou	dep.	9.10			5.10	
Kon Shung Hui	arr.	7.53	10.23	12.03	1.38	8.18	Hangchow	arr.	9.19			5.23	
Kon Shung Hui	dep.	8.04	10.30	12.05	1.40	8.19	Hangchow	dep.	9.24	10.55	12.35	3.10	5.42
Hangchow	arr.	8.13	10.40	12.15	1.50	8.29	Kon Shung Hui	arr.	9.34	11.05	12.45	2.20	5.52
Hangchow	dep.	8.21			3.40		Kon Shung Hui	dep.	9.37	11.12	12.47	2.25	5.56
Zah Kou	arr.	8.46			4.10		Kon Zen Chiao	arr.	9.50	11.25	1.00	2.38	6.00

Light Type A.M. Dark Type P.M.

# Business and Official Notices

## NOTICE

CHOW LAN-CHU (周蘭齋), native of Canton, Ex-Consul for China at New Zealand—TAKE NOTICE that Messrs. Kirchner and Boger, merchants, at Shanghai, have filed a petition in the International Mixed Court at Shanghai, charging you with having fraudulently obtained from them the sum of 2,000 Mexican Dollars by means of false pretence: to wit, a false statement of your brother Chow Tsz-chi (周自齊), Ex-Minister for Agriculture and Commerce of the Republic of China, whereby the said Chow Tsz-chi was to guarantee the repayment of the aforesaid Dollars 2,000.

Application has been made to the Court, that should you fail to appear before the aforesaid Court within thirty days from the date hereof, a judgment in contumacia shall be given against you and that a reward shall be put up for your arrest.

MAJOR ST. P. RUDINGER, Counsel for Complainants. Shanghai, this 15th day of June A.D. MCMXVI.

## CENTRAL STORES, LIMITED

Notice to Debenture Holders

THE Debenture Transfer Register of the Company will be closed from the 27th to 30th June, both days inclusive.

Interest Warrants for the half-yearly interest due on the 30th June, 1916, will be posted to each registered holder on that date.

Registered holders, other than those who have agreed to exchange their old Debentures for the new issue about to be made by the Company, will be paid off at the Registered Office of the Company on and after the 30th June, between the hours of 10 to 12, and 2 to 4, on production of their Debentures, duly receipted.

By order of the Board, E. BURROWS, Acting Secretary.

## S. S. SHIMIZU

## BEEF

From Tsingtao.

Families, Hotels and Steamers supplied at very low rates.

K2770 Boone Road (corner of Miller Road).

Tel. 1936.

# 1284, BROADWAY TELEPHONE No. 1025 YUT SAE CHANG & Co.

Iron Merchants & General Hardware Dealers

SHANGHAI.

Our branch at Mokanshan has now been opened for the summer months.

The China Press is on sale at our store

# SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE.

Shanghai To Nanking—Up (Main Line) Nanking To Shanghai—Down

STATIONS.		1	3	5	7	9	11	13	15	STATIONS.		2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	
		Fast R.	Local	Class R.S.	Local	Express R.S.	Local	Local	Express R.S.			Fast R.	Local	Local	Express R.S.	Express R.S.	Local	Local	Express R.S.	Express R.S.
		A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.			A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	
SHANGHAI NORTH	..dep.	7.28		9.00	10.80	1.05	3.45	5.30	11.00	Nanking Ferry	..dep.									
Nansung..	..	7.51		9.31	10.56	1.28	4.08	6.00		NANKING ..	..dep.	7.50		9.38	1.20	3.50	5.40	11.00		
Kunshan	..	8.53		10.33	11.52		4.54	7.00												
	..arr.		8.53		11.54		2.37	4.50	1.00			arr.	9.37		10.28	2.37	5.40	0.00		
SOOCHOW	..dep.	9.00		11.44	12.48	2.40	5.58	8.05		CHINKIANG..	..dep.		1.10	10.33	2.47	5.50	1.00			
	..arr.		10.40		12.56		3.27	7.03				arr.	9.40		11.34	3.28	4.58			
WUSIE ..	..dep.		10.50			3.37	7.03	8.49	2.19	TANYANG ..	..dep.			11.37	3.21	4.53				
	..arr.											arr.								
	..dep.											arr.	10.47		12.43	4.09	5.00			
CHANGCHOW	..dep.	11.40		2.05		4.16		8.07	2.14	CHANGCHOW	..dep.	10.47		7.31	1.05	4.19		2.18		
	..arr.	11.50	6.30	2.13		4.25			2.34			arr.	10.57							
	..dep.	12.45	9.00	3.19		5.10						arr.	11.46		8.14	2.19	4.59	4.11		
TANYANG ..	..dep.	12.48	9.04	3.22		5.11				WUSIE ..	..dep.	11.04		8.34	2.28	5.08		4.11		
	..arr.		1.25	8.02	4.34		5.41		5.14			arr.	11.56							
CHINKIANG	..dep.	1.33	9.02	4.34		5.51			5.34	SOOCHOW ..	..dep.	12.47		9.38	3.42	5.54		5.11		
	..arr.		3.04	11.00	6.18		7.00		7.00	Kunshan	..	..	1.41	9.35	10.40	4.58	3.25			
NANKING	..dep.									Nansung ..	..	..	2.23	9.39	11.50	5.50	4.00	6.00		
	..arr.											..								
Nanking Ferry	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7.50	SHANGHAI NORTH	..arr.	2.50	9.05	12.19	6.27	7.35	4.30		7.00	



## Auctions

## A. LANDAU &amp; Co.

(Swiss Establishment)  
Auctioneers, Expert Valuers,  
Salesrooms in

Nos. 134-135a Szechuen Road  
Telephone 2653.

Personal attention given to house  
auctions.

A/c of sales rendered within 3  
days of sales. Cash advances  
made on goods entrusted  
to our sales.

Terms on application.

## SUN

GLASSES-COOL & LIGHT

O. D. RASMUSSEN, D. O.  
OPTOMETRIST-1A JINKEE ROAD.  
10273

Yoghurt (sour milk).

## FRESH MILK

Delivered daily  
Prices moderate

## AIKOSHA DAIRY.

Tel. 2175. 53 Avenue Dubail.  
10192

## ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL

Notice to Debenture Holders

THE Debenture Transfer Register  
of the above Hotel will be closed  
from the 27th to 30th June, both  
days inclusive.

Interest Warrants for the half-  
yearly interest due on the 30th  
June, 1916, will be posted to each  
registered holder on that date.

A further notice regarding the  
exchange of the existing Debentures  
for the new issue of Central Stores,  
Ltd., 6% Debentures will be issued  
within the course of the next few  
days.

By order of the Board,

E. BURROWS,  
Acting Secretary.

10243 J 30

Consolidated Rubber Estates  
(1914), Limited

(Incorporated under the Hongkong  
Ordinances)

AT a Meeting of the Directors  
held on June 15th, 1916, it was  
decided to declare an interim divid-  
end at the rate of 20 per cent  
(which equals 15 Tael cents per  
share) on the Capital of the Com-  
pany, payable on and after 3rd July,  
1916, to shareholders on record at  
that date.

Notice is hereby given that the  
Share Register and Transfer Books  
of the Company will be closed from  
the 26th June to 3rd July, 1916,  
both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,

China Realty Company, Ltd.  
Secretaries & General Managers.  
10124

## NOTICE OF REMOVAL

FROM SATURDAY, the 1st of  
July, our office will be at No.

1 Bund (McBain Building).

SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY  
COMPANY, LTD.,

SHIPPING OFFICE.

Telephones:

Manager 3826 Passenger 4207  
Freight 4209 Comptroller 1443

10229 J 2

Business and Official  
- - - Notices - - -MAKE YOUR  
OFFICE COOLER

A Supply of  
"Elephant Head"  
Pilsener

Will Make Your Office  
Seem Cooler

"HIRANO" MINERAL  
WATER  
Is Pure

Garner, Quelch & Co.

The Comparative Law  
School of China,  
Law Department of Soochow  
University.

Entrance examinations for fall  
term, September twelfth to thir-  
teenth. Opening day September  
fourteenth.

For further information, write  
The Dean, 20 Quinsan Road,  
Shanghai.

10259

The Palace Gardens, Inn and Farm  
15 Lay Road

FOR a short drive and a pleasant  
afternoon, try the Palace Gardens.

Free tennis court on application.

The best of wines.

Teas and dinners a speciality.

Free carriages will run every

Saturday and Sunday from the

tram at Lay Road to the Gardens,

between 4 and 7 p.m.

J. NOBLE,

Manager.

The Anglo-Dutch (Java) Planta-  
tions, Ltd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN  
that at a Meeting of The Board of  
Directors held on Saturday, 24th  
June, 1916, it was decided to pay  
an Interim Dividend of 25 Canda-  
rens per share on the issued Capital  
of the Company, on Monday, 10th  
July, 1916, to shareholders on  
record on that date.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN  
that the Transfer Books of the  
Company will be closed from 1st  
July to 10th July, 1916, both days  
inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

R. N. TRUMAN & CO.

Secretaries & Managers.

Dated, 24th June, 1916.

13 Nanking Road, Shanghai.

10214

## SING CHONG ZUNG

信昌仁珠號收買珍珠

Pearl Dealers

49 Hankow Road.

Any firm or individual who has  
NEW PEARLS to dispose of is  
requested to communicate with us.

We are ready to buy white Pearls  
from European countries. Write to  
or call in person at the above  
address.

## Walter Dunn &amp; Co.

Read's Extra First Class Engineer's Guide ..... \$14.40  
Sewell and Shaw's The Marine Steam Engine ..... 16.80  
G. E. Sawyer's Marine Boiler Manual, & Com. .... 9.60  
Tud's Architectural Guide ..... 4.00  
J. P. Allen's Prac. Building Construction ..... 6.00  
Lupton's A Practical Treatise on Mine Surveying ..... 9.60  
Urbahner's Elec. Ship Lighting ..... 11.00  
Shelton and Housman's Dynamo Elec. Machinery ..... 10.00  
J. E. Murray's A Hand Book of Wireless Telegraphy ..... 8.40  
Barrister's Every Man's Own Lawyer ..... 5.00  
Whitman's Hydrographical Surveying ..... 16.00  
E. L. Atwood's Test Book Warships ..... 8.40  
R. J. Smith's Tables (1913) ..... 12.50  
Lambert's Test Book of Mechanical Eng. .... 10.00  
Carl Bender's The Marine Steam Engine with Atlas ..... 22.00  
Bryce Danks's Gas, Oil and Air Engines ..... 20.00  
A. E. Sutton's Manual of Marine Engines (1913) ..... 20.00

1133 SZECHUEN ROAD

Telephone No. 805.

## Honigsberg's

"The Up-to-date Garage"

have now installed on the premises a special  
department for making Cushion Covers, Tops,  
and Drivers' Uniforms.

Estimates and Advice Free

## Henry The Tailor

J-14, Seward Road, Shanghai  
(NEAR ASTOR HOUSE)

I acquired the Art of Cutting from an American  
tailor. I am recommended by some of the best-  
dressed men in Shanghai.

6734

The Kota Bahru Rubber Estates,  
Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the  
Sixth Ordinary Annual General  
Meeting of the Company will be  
held on Friday, the 30th June,  
1916, at 4.30 p.m., at the Shanghai  
General Chamber of Commerce,  
when the Directors' Report and the  
Statement of Accounts for the year  
ended 31st March, 1916, will be  
presented and the ordinary business  
of the Company transacted.

The Transfer Books and Share  
Register of the Company will be  
closed from 22nd June to July 1st,  
1916, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,  
MEYER & MEASOR,  
General Managers & Secretaries.

10143

Whangpoo Conservancy Board  
Notification No. 62

Registration and Sale of Government  
or Shengko Lands on the Whangpoo

NOTICE is hereby given that all  
registrations or sales, subsequent to  
November, 1911 and hereafter, of  
Government or Shengko lands on  
the Whangpoo—i.e., all foreshore,  
accreted or reclaimable land, not  
required for Conservancy or Har-  
bour purposes, situated between  
highwater lines from the Kiangnan  
Arsenal to the lower end of the  
Conservancy training works at  
Woosung—must be regulated in  
accordance with the provisions of  
the Supplementary Article of the  
Conservancy Agreement of 1912  
which has recently been approved  
by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs  
and the Ministers of the Treaty  
Powers at Peking.

The Public are warned that no  
shengko-plan or receipt for payment  
of shengko is valid unless issued by  
the Board.

Copies of the Supplementary  
Article No. 12 in Chinese and  
English can be obtained on applica-  
tion at the Board's offices, 6  
Kiukiang Road.

Whangpoo Conservancy Board.

Shanghai, 20th April, 1916.

10033

THE CENTRAL GARAGE  
CO., LTD.

2A, JINKEE ROAD

## CARS FOR HIRE

Prompt Service Day

and Night.

Telephone 3809.

## Shanghai-Nanking Railway

During the temporary absence of  
Mr. A. C. Clear, Mr. H. Middle-  
ton will act as General Manager of  
this Railway.

By Order,

A. C. CLEAR,  
General Manager.

Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo  
Railway

During the temporary absence of  
Mr. A. C. Clear, Mr. D. P.  
Griffiths will act as Engineer-in-  
Chief of this Railway.

By Order,

A. C. CLEAR,  
Engineer-in-Chief.

10247 J 1

PALACE HOTEL  
Roof Garden

OPENING NIGHT  
July 1st

Cool and Comfortable on the  
Hottest Evening.

Refreshments, Ices, etc.

Music by the

Palace Orchestra  
Prof. G. Manikus

Wet Evenings, the Orchestra  
will play in the  
Banqueting Hall

A Special Dinner will be served  
on the opening night

10246

## Bank Holidays

THE Exchange Banks will be  
closed for the transaction of Public  
Business on Saturday and Monday.  
The 1st and 3rd July, on account of  
Summer Holidays.

10235 J 2

The Bukit Tih Alang Rubber  
Estates, Ltd.

NOTICE is hereby given that the  
SIXTH ORDINARY GEN-  
ERAL MEETING of Share-  
holders of this Company will be  
held at the Head Office, No. 38  
Canton Road, Shanghai, on Thurs-  
day, the 6th of July, 1916, at 4.30  
p.m., for the purpose of receiving  
the Report of the Directors and  
Statement of Accounts for the year  
ended 31st March, 1916, and trans-  
acting other ordinary business of  
the Company.

The Transfer Books of the  
Company will be closed from the  
1st of July to the 6th of July, both  
days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,  
HUGO REISS & CO.

Shanghai, 26th June, 1916.

Secretaries & General Managers.

10228 J 6

## NOTICE

The 6% Internal Loan of the 3rd  
Year of the Chinese Republic  
(1914)

The Public are hereby notified  
that the fourth payment of interest  
of the 6% Internal Loan of the 3rd  
Year of the Chinese Republic  
(1914) will fall due on the 30th of  
June of this year. With the excep-  
tion of the detailed regulations,  
governing the payment of interest  
of the said Loan, which have been  
published in the Government  
Gazette and which have been  
printed for the information of the  
Public by all the establishments  
authorised for the payment of  
interest, the following important  
points are hereby published for  
general information:—

1. The date when the payment of  
interest begins: The 30th  
June of the 5th year of the  
Chinese Republic.

2. The organs authorised for the  
payment of interest:

a. All Magistrates' Yarns.

b. The Head and Branch  
Offices of the Bank of China  
and of the Bank of Com-  
munications.

c. The reliable agents of the  
above mentioned two banks.

3. The methods for the claiming  
of interest:

The Public when claiming for  
the interest must cut down the  
matured coupons and proceed  
to any of the above mentioned  
organs with the said coupons.  
The said organs after exami-  
ning the said coupons will then  
pay the interest and retain the  
coupons so paid. But the  
holders of \$1,000 Bonds and of  
\$10,000 Bonds must not cut  
down the coupons themselves,  
as the said Bonds have to be  
examined first by the organs  
concerned.

The matured coupons can be  
used as cash in payment of land  
tax and duties. The interest  
of the coupons is expressed in  
term of "big Dollar" and "it  
is required to be converted  
into taels or copper cash, then  
the rate of exchange for  
different districts will be  
decided and posted in con-  
spicuous places by the various  
Financial Bureaux concerned.  
The Public are requested to  
read over the detailed regula-  
tions governing the payment of  
interest which are obtainable at  
all authorised organs above  
mentioned.

By Order

The Bureau of National Loans.

10204 J 6

## Shanghai Race Club

NOTICE is hereby given that an  
Extraordinary General Meeting of  
the Voting Members will be held at  
the Grand Stand on To-day, the  
30th day of June, 1916, at 6 p.m.,  
in order to amend the Club's rules  
in the way suggested in the Notice  
affixed to the Notice-board in the  
Coffee Room at the Grand Stand.

By order of the Stewards,

F. J. BURRETT,

Hony. Actg. Secretary,

Shanghai Race Club.

Shanghai, 28th June, 1916.

10209 J 30

## TRANSLATIONS

TRANSLATOR, who has con-  
siderable experience in legal, con-  
sulate, syndicate, journalistic, com-  
mercial and official translation  
work, undertakes translation in  
English and Chinese of agreements,  
petitions, letters, legal documents,  
advertisements, and commercial  
documents, etc. Please apply to  
Chang Nieh-yun, c/o 1-a, Peking  
Road, or P.D. 131, Haining Road,  
opposite West End Lane.

Business and Official Notices  
are Continued on  
Page 11

## Classified Advertisements

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

All Advertisements must  
be Prepaid

Replies must be  
called for

## APARTMENTS

## WINDSOR HOUSE

14-15, Quinsan Gardens

Comfortable Rooms with full  
board. Good table. Centrally  
situated facing the Gardens.

Telephone 3482 3408

## 8 and 11 Quinsan Gardens

One flat with bathroom, facing  
the Quinsan Gardens; as well as  
two nice rooms facing South  
with bathrooms attached, suitable  
for a married couple.

10070

TO LET, two good rooms, newly  
painted, on the ground floor, with  
one small room which may be made  
into a bathroom, also kitchen, on  
the North Szechuen Road Ex-  
tension. Rental \$30 a month,  
including rates, water and light.  
Apply to Box 488, THE CHINA  
PRESS.

10258 J 2

BODEGA CAFE. Are you look-  
ing for good meals. Call Nanjing  
and Boone Roads corner. Only 60  
cents. Mrs. Croach, proprietor.

10252 J 6

CONNAUGHT HOUSE, 3  
Minghong Road. Furnished room  
to let, facing south, with bathroom  
attached. With or without board.  
Central location. Phone 2650.

10248 J 5

TO LET, well-furnished front  
room, with small room attached,  
also bathroom and balcony. Suit-  
able married couples or bachelors;  
also attic room at moderate terms.  
12-a, Quinsan Gardens.

10249 J 2

45, BUBBLING WELL Road,  
two very large rooms, both with  
bathrooms attached; also a small  
room with bathroom.

10166 J 30

## FINANCIAL

OPPORTUNITY: Partner re-  
quired, with Tls. 2,500, for a  
publishing proposition in Chinese.  
This publication will enormously  
benefit China, besides, Tls. 375,000  
profit can be made in 8/9 months  
time. Applicants, of any national-  
ity, may apply to Box 480, THE  
CHINA PRESS.

10255 J 2

WANTED \$1,000 loan by gentle-  
man who can furnish reliable  
guarantor. Willing to pay \$1,400  
in monthly instalments of \$50.  
Apply "LOAN," THE CHINA  
PRESS.

10238 J 30

WE CAN arrange loans from Tls.  
1,000 to Tls. 1,000,000 on first-  
class real estate security. China  
Realty Company, Ltd.

9860 J 30

## Exchange and Mart

FOR SALE, .45 Webley-Fosbery  
automatic revolver and .45 Colt  
automatic pistol, with 200 cartridge-  
es. Both excellent condition.  
Apply to Box 486, THE CHINA  
PRESS.

10253 J 2

FOR SALE, one 4 1/2 h.p. motor-  
cycle, single cylinder, free engine  
(practically new), lamp, horn and  
all complete. Apply to Box 487,  
THE CHINA PRESS.

10254 J 1

FOR SALE: One or two genuine  
Coventry-made Premier motor-  
cycles, 3 1/2 h.p., single or 3-speed  
gear; highly suitable for side-car  
work. Also a couple of second-  
hand machines. All at bargain  
prices. Apply to Box 324, THE  
CHINA PRESS.

10107 J T.F.

## HOUSES TO LET

TO BE LET, the 6 roomed house,  
with garage and small garden, No.  
155-a, Avenue Edward VII. Fitted  
with kitchen range, hot and cold  
water and electric light. Also the  
larger semi-detached house, 52  
Amiral Bayle, nearby. All rooms  
have south aspect. Apply to  
DENHAM & ROSE, TEL. 803.

10250 J 5

BROADWAY TERRACE, 5-  
roomed houses in Broadway. Apply  
to 10, Yangtzepoo Road.

10111

HOUSES TO LET, 41 Rue  
Massenet, 6 rooms and attics, tiled  
bathrooms, pantry and kitchen,  
porcelain bathtubs, lavatories and  
flush closets, garden, tennis, etc.  
46, Rue Massenet, near French  
Park, 6 rooms, 4 bedrooms, 3 tiled  
bathrooms, porcelain tubs, lavatories  
and flush closets, tiled kitchen and  
pantry, 4 servants' rooms, garden,  
tennis, etc. 97, Rue du Roi Albert,  
5 rooms, bungalow, garden, tennis,  
etc. 101, Rue du Roi Albert, 5  
rooms, 3 bedrooms, 2 tiled baths,  
garden and tennis. China Realty  
Co., Ltd.

10234 T. F.

## SITUATIONS WANTED

NURSERY-GOVERNESS (Ger-  
man) seeks position in German or  
neutral family. Please apply to  
Box 477, THE CHINA PRESS.

10234 J 30

SOAP EXPERT, shortly dis-  
engaged, makes all soaps and special  
lines. Can erect and work large or  
small factory. Competent, ener-  
getic; best credentials. Apply  
Soaps, Box 424, THE CHINA  
PRESS.

10117

## SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED: Young ladies of  
good appearance (any nation-  
ality), for local theatrical enter-  
prise. Good pay. Apply to  
Box 485, THE CHINA